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OLD SERIES—VOL. LXIV—NO 3,304

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, AUGUST 31, 1899.

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PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Restores Color and Beauty to the Hair. Prevents Dandruff & Hair Falling. Cures Scalp Diseases & Eruptions. Restores Health & Vigor. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

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SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Place PHILADA., PA.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

Blood Tells.

Yes, it is the index to health. If you have bad blood you are likely to learn that you have Rheumatism, one of the most horrible diseases to which mankind is heir. If this disease has just begun its work, or if you have been afflicted for years you should at once take the wonderful new cure,

RHEUMACIDE.

Thousands have been cured. The summer season is the best time to take a rheumatic remedy. Nature will then aid the medicine in effecting a permanent constitutional cure. People with bad blood are subject to catarrh, indigestion, and many other diseases. To be healthy the blood must be pure RHEUMACIDE is the Prince of blood purifiers.

Sold by Druggists. Price $1.

RE-SALE OF LAND.

Under an order of the Superior Court, made this day in McLellan, Administrator, vs. S. P. Denning *et al*, the undersigned will offer for sale, at Godwin, N. C., on Saturday.

September 2nd,

at 2 o'clock P. M., what is known as the Denning lot;

And on Saturday,

September 9th,

at Wade, N. C., at 2 o'clock P. M., one lot in Wade known as the Denning lot and Seventy-four acres lying near Wade, known as the Bowden residence.

Terms of sale cash or on credit, as made known on day of sale.

C. C. McLELLAN,
Commissioner.

C. W. BROADFOOT, Att'y.
August 1, 1899.

GOLD MEDALS to HARPER Whisky at New Orleans and World's Fair, Chicago.

Try it, you will endorse the Judge's verdict.

TABLE CULTERY, Pocket Knives and Scissors, Of good quality of steel at WATSON'S HARDWARE HOUSE.

Fayetteville Insurance Agents.

WE BOND Administrators, Guardians, Trustees, Public Officials and others at reasonable rates. THE UNITED STATES FIDELITY and GUARANTY CO., BALTIMORE, MD. Represented by NIMOCKS & COOK, General Agents, Fayetteville, N. C.

HOW'S YOUR HEALTH?

We are now issuing Special Health Policies in the Ætna Life. Something new and good. Cost only $10 00 a year. Pays $25.00 weekly benefit for loss of time. Ask for full information.

All other classes of insurance written at lowest rates.

NIMOCKS & COOK,
General Insurance Agents,
10 Hay street, Fayetteville, N. C.

The Greatest of all American Fire Insurance Companies THE ÆTNA

Insurance Co,, of Hartford, Conn., with twelve million dollars of assets, calls your attention to the fact that it has paid three losses lately, from this agency, caused by LIGHTNING, and reminds you that the danger from lightning at this season of the year is almost as great as from wind in March. You can get your lightning insurance along with your fire policy without additional cost, and a Tornado policy at very low rates.

B. R. HUSKE, Agent.

A SPECIOUS FALLACY.

It has ever been the cue of entrenched power and privilege to repress progress by ridiculing those who favor progress as "malcontents." Dissatisfaction with present conditions is the basis of all human advancement. It sustained the first great democratic movement, the evolution of the Christian religion; it gave birth to the Reformation of Luther; it peopled the new world with hardy emigrants; it lighted the fires of the American Revolution and enthroned Liberty; and, please God, it will hurl from power the money changers, monopolists, stock waterers, bond usurers, usurpers and "imperialists" who now pollute Liberty's temple.

Contentment is the enemy of progress, and retrogression sets in when progress ceases. Except for the need of food, the human race would in a few generations cease effort, and, instead of the desire for raiment even, would hibernate like a snake.

Those who sought change two thousand years ago were, in the eyes of the scribes, pharisees and other hypocrites, publicans and sinners; in Luther's time, they were heretics; in the American revolution, rebels; and in the uprising of the people against McKinley, Hanna and embalmed beef, malcontents and calamity howlers.

Prosperity is a relative term. The people of North Carolina are more prosperous than those of the Sandwich Islands, if we measure human wants by our standard; but they are not as prosperous, measured by the same standard, as those who live where transportation rates are more favorable or where there is a larger per centage of the population engaged in pursuits or owning property favored by Republican legislation.

The patriot in North Carolina is the man who seeks to place North Carolina and the South on an equality with the favored States and sections. Let him treat with the contempt they deserve those who seek a continuance of present conditions and whose only weapon, lacking reason, is ridicule and abuse.

THAT PATTISON INTERVIEW.

The New York Tribune (chief organ of the Republican party in the United States) and other McKinley papers are making a great to-do over an interview which the Tribune had with ex-Governor Pattison of Pennsylvania. If we take his views as expressed therein as indicative of his politics, and he seems to have covered the whole field, he is about as orthodox a Republican as can be found between the two seas. Take these extracts from his interview for example:

"I think when the Democratic managers get down to business you will find they will take conservative action. Issues which have been gone over and settled in one campaign and have not been strengthened since by events nor by conditions are not likely to be fought over again. We can expect to win only on new issues. The financial question in this country is one of the chronic subjects of campaign agitation, just as the tariff question has been for years. It has been clear for some time to the representatives of Democratic sentiment in the West, as I know it to be in the East, that the American people are thinking on matters which more directly concern their interests.'

Issues in this country are not settled in one campaign. If Governor Pattison were acquainted with the history of the country, to say nothing of that of the Democratic party, he would hesitate to make such a statement in face of the fact that Jefferson, founder of the party which he says he belongs to, was defeated by the Hamiltonian candidate in his first race for President, but was successful on the defeated issues in his second race.

Again: what sort of Democrat is the man who dismisses the financial question and the tariff as "chronic subjects of campaign agitation"?—the two subjects, next to imperialism, of greater importance to the American people than any others that can be imagined. And imperialism, how does this queer representative of Harrity's State, stand on that burning question? Why, he is as rank an expansionist as McKinley, Alger, Eagan or Hanna.

Finally, what kind of an American is a lawyer and an ex Governor who says the United States "is"? That is the way this ignorant person distorts the significant grammar of the Constitution.

Perhaps all these interesting things are explained in the following comment of the ex Governor's interviewer:

"The ex Governor looks as young and handsome as ever, and having been twice elected *on the Democratic ticket* to the highest office in the gift of the people of *the banner Republican State*, he knows how it is to win on living issues backed by the people's interest."

In other words this man who essays to advise the great Democratic party through the chief Republican organ, is simply a Sam Randall "Democrat," the equivalent of what we call in North Carolina a McKinley "Democrat."

NEWS FROM THE PHILIPPINES.

It has been a month or two since the correspondents' "round robin" noted the climax of Otis's censorship of the news. Since then our telegrams from Manila have been few and far between. Of those that come, no one believes anything contained in them, unless it be confirmed in some way. Occasionally we get a glimpse of the situation through the medium of telegrams dispatched from Hong Kong, three days by sea from Manila.

Yesterday's press dispatches contained a telegram from San Francisco giving mail advices just received there from Manila, under date of July 22nd. These accounts say that there is but one opinion among the mass of people in Manila, military men and foreign residents, and that is that the end of the war is not in sight.

The Filipinos have evidently displayed a very high order of diplomatic and military ability. When to this is added the fact that they have a population of ten millions to draw upon; that they require but a modicum of food and of clothes compared to our heavily dressed meat-eaters; that they know the country and suffer no inconvenience from what to our troops is a killing heat; and, above all, that they are deeply imbued, as were our revolutionary ancestors, with the spirit of liberty, and are fighting for their homes and wives and children—it will be seen that we have a task before us of uncommon magnitude.

During this rainy season, the Filipinos have been far from inactive. They have been getting arms and ammunition, and they are said to have no lack of money, having impressed the rich treasures of the established church, the store houses of farmers and manufacturers and the funds of private individuals. Consequently, when the rainy season ends this Fall, they will resume the war against the invader with fresh spirits as well as a replenished stock of the sinews of war.

Evidently a very large army will be required to meet these formidable conditions, far larger, we should say, than the number of troops whom we can spare out of our present authorized army of a hundred thousand men.

What will Congress do when it meets in December? The Democrats, it is likely, will present a solid front against any further increase of the army, and it begins to look as if enough Republicans to prevent it will stand with them to that extent. If so, what can the administration do, if it turn out, as the Manila people believe, that the forces we shall have landed by December are inadequate?

The meeting of Congress will inaugurate the stupendous contest between imperialism and the republic, which is to shake our political structure to its foundations.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The Wilmington Messenger, and other papers copying it, speak of the grandfather of the late Col. Thos. W. Strange, Judge and Senator Robert Strange, as "of Wilmington." Judge Strange lived all his life, after he came to North Carolina, in Fayetteville, where he married and where all his children were born. His son, Col. Robert Strange, father of the gentleman who has just died, moved to Wilmington not long, we think, after getting his law license.

* * *

The agents of monopoly merely serve their foreign masters when they tell you that you, who are monopoly's prey, are as well off as the monopolist. The real patriot in North Carolina is the man who advocates a North Carolina system, in everything, in preference to the system of those who are not North Carolinians.

Mr. Marshall Leaves the Press.

Mr. W. F. Marshall, editor and proprietor of the Gastonia Gazette, has sold that paper to Mr. W. M. Grier, of South Carolina, to whom we extend greetings.

Mr. Marshall is one of the very best editors we have had in the State. He is an educated and accomplished gentleman, possessing a subtle but very attractive kind of wit, and brimming over with good heartedness. There is not a member of the Press Association whom it could part with with more regret. His leaving is a distinct loss to us all. He had become the life and soul of the annual meetings, somewhat as McDiarmid used to be.

We do not know to what field our friend will betake himself. He says that, apart from other reasons, he needs a respite from "labor created by so long a term [eight years] of unbroken care." It is a terrific strain, indeed, which responsibility for a country newspaper of influence imposes. There is nothing comparable to it, and fortunate, indeed, is the man who can release himself from its fetters. We have no doubt therefore that our friend will vastly better himself, and that condition we all devoutly wish for him.

Brave Men Fall

Victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, backache, nervousness, headache and tired, listless, run-down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that. Listen to J. W. Gardner, Idaville, Ind. He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run down, and don't care whether he lives or dies. It did more to give me new strength and good appetite than anything I could take. I can now eat anything and have a new lease on life." Only 50 cents, at B. E. Sedberry & Son's drug store. Every bottle guaranteed.

Thomas Rhoads, Centerfield, O., writes: "I suffered from piles seven or eight years. No remedy gave me relief until DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, less than a box of which permanently cured me." Soothing, healing, perfectly harmless Beware of counterfeits. King Bros.

The soothing and healing properties of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, its pleasant taste and prompt and permanent cures, have made it a great favorite with the people everywhere. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

CO-OPERATION IN NEBRASKA.

Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans Unite.

An Omaha dispatch of the 22nd says:

Ex Governor Silas A. Holcombe was nominated for Supreme Justice by the Populist State Convention of Nebraska today, and was indorsed by Democrats and free silver Republicans.

The resolutions indorse the Chicago platform. Their money plank is as follows:

"Our confidence in the principles set forth in the Chicago platform has been increased as those principles have been vindicated by events. The gold standard is less defensible now than it was in 1896, since the President has confessed its failure by sending a commission to Europe to secure international bimetallism, while the inability of the commission to secure foreign aid is added proof that the people of the United States must act alone if they expect relief.

"The present legal ratio of 16 to 1 is the natural and necessary ratio and the opponents of that ratio have nothing to offer in its place but the evasive and ambiguous phraseology which for years furnished to the gold standard advocates a mask behind which to hide, while they secretly labored to make gold monometallism permanent.

"Any movement in business conditions due to increased production of gold or to a favorable balance of trade, instead of supporting the gold standard doctrines, shows that more money makes better times and points the way to bimetallism as the means of securing a permanent increase in the volume of standard money throughout the world.

"The Republican scheme to lessen the value of standard money by making gold the only legal tender has at last become apparent to all, and must be resisted by the debt paying and wealth producing classes of the country. The plan to retire greenbacks in the interest of national bank notes, denounced by the Democrats in 1896, but then defended by the Republicans, has boldly stalked forth from its hiding place and threatens the formation of a gigantic paper money trust."

On the question of trusts, the platform declares:

"The industrial trusts, springing up on every hand, to testify to the Administration's indifference to monopoly, or its inability to cope with it.

"We denounce the failure of the Administration to enforce the present law against trusts or to recommend new laws, if the present law is deemed insufficient.

"We are opposed to the principle of monopoly wherever it manifests itself. We demand the enforcement of the present Federal law, the enactment of such new legislation as may be necessary and a constitutional amendment if the present Constitution is construed to protect trusts, to the end that the monopolization of industry by private corporations may be absolutely prevented. Every trust rests upon a corporation, and every corporation is a creature of laws. The law, State and national, must place upon the corporations such limitations and restrictions as will protect the public from injury."

The platform praises Nebraska soldiers for their part in the Philippine war, and goes on to say:

"But while we commend the soldiers for obedience to all orders emanating from the Chief Executive, we condemn the administrative policy which has converted a war for humanity into a war for conquest. We believe the Filipinos should have received the same treatment as the Cubans, and that, as the Cubans were assured of ultimate independence and protection, so the Filipinos should have been assured in the beginning of our nation's intention to give them independence as soon as a stable government should be established and protection given from outside interference. Such assurances should be given now. If the Cubans, as is stated in the resolutions of intervention, are and of right ought to be free, the same can be said of the Filipinos, and this nation would suffer no humiliation in acknowledging adherence to the doctrine that governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed."

The resolutions declare in favor of arbitration, favor popular election of United States Senators, the initiative and referendum and declare against any increase in the standing army and against any foreign alliance.

Read the Speech, First

Durham Sun.

The Fayetteville OBSERVER is of the opinion that people should read Judge Clark's speech and see how effectually he plead for North Carolina and the South, which he showed to be unjustly discriminated against in freight and passenger rates, before they unjustly criticise him. That is good reasoning.

Home Revisited—A Charming Couple.

The many friends of Dr. and Mrs. David Williams, of Texarkana, Arkansas, who are now visiting relatives in this town and neighborhood, have greatly enjoyed meeting this charming couple once more. Dr. Williams worthily bears the name of the well-known Williams family of the Little River Academy section of Cumberland; and his wife, a daughter of the late distinguished Dr. Benjamin Robinson, of Fayetteville, the friend of Dr. Marion Sims and son of the no less distinguished Dr. Benjamin Robinson the First, is just such a looking matron as those who knew her when she was a belle in these parts would have desired her to be.

Dr. Williams was a pupil of Dr. Robinson's in the fifties, afterwards getting his medical diploma both at New Orleans and Nashville University, and he is a successful and distinguished practitioner in his adopted State. It is fourteen years since his wife has been in Fayetteville, and thirty since he was here.

After a few days spent at Little River Academy, Dr. and Mrs. Robinson returned yesterday to Mrs. Robinson's niece's, (Mrs. John Garrason's, on Haymount), where they will remain until their return to their Arkansas home on Tuesday.

HOUSEHOLD, DAIRY and TOBACCO BARN THERMOMETERS At HORNE'S DRUG STORE.

Uncensored Manila News.

Says a dispatch from Manila of the 19th, via Hong Kong on the 22nd:

The Filipinos appear to retain much more of a fighting spirit than might be expected after their recent San Fernando experience and General Lawton's drubbings in the south.

After giving up San Fernando with a feeble struggle, they entrenched themselves at Angeles, working for several days and impressing noncombatants into the work, thus saving the armed men for the fighting. They engaged Lieutenant-Colonel Smith's regiment and the artillery warmly for four hours, making one of the most stubborn resistances of the campaign. But the Americans are indebted to the usual poor marksmanship of the Filipinos as well as to their own strategy for their small losses.

In the Province of Cavite, where it was supposed the Filipinos had been scattered and demoralized beyond recuperation, they have assembled an army of several thousand men, distributed among the important towns from the lake to the bay.

After the San Fernando engagement the natives attempted to deter the Americans from further advance northward by menacing the railroad communications. Several hundred of General Pio del Pilar's men crossed the Rio Grande between the American outpost towns and threatened Baliuag and other places with small American garrisons. During Sunday and Monday nights smaller bands tried to tear up the railroad track at several places between Bigaa and Malolos. Reinforcements of American troops were sent along the railroad from Manila to San Fernando, while the forces at Baliuag and Quinqua sallied out against General Pio del Pilar's men, and the natives were easily driven away.

In brushes between these Filipinos and the Americans during three days the Americans lost several men, while the Filipinos' loss was heavy.

Of these operations, the Associated Press correspondent was permitted to send only an inadequate dispatch, dictated verbatim by General Otis. The censor writes stereotyped official phrases and adjectives into the dispatches, tending to magnify the American operations and to minimize the opposition. General Otis says newspapers are not public institutions, but private enterprises, and the correspondents are only here on sufferance.

All reports from the Filipino territory agree that the scarcity of food is increasing. The native commanders at Aparri and other places refuse to obey Aguinaldo's order in regard to closing the ports held by the Filipinos against American ships and say that any ship bringing stores will be welcomed. Several ships from Manila are now at such ports.

Hundreds of people come into Manila daily and return to the Filipino lines with food and other commodities. The guards stationed along one road reported that 5,000 persons passed through the lines in three days and and that 45 tons of rice were carried out, in small parcels, on the same road in ten days. Much of this undoubtedly goes to aid the fighting natives, but the authorities permit this traffic from motives of charity toward the women and children, who are undoubtedly suffering.

Generals MacArthur and Lawton are establishing municipal governments.

The Mayor of Baliuag, the first town where General Lawton established such a government, who was supposed to be one of the most friendly and trustworthy of the natives, has been put in jail, charged with arranging with the revolutionists for an attack on the town. The American troops have been withdrawn from all that part of the country.

The Filipinos have returned to San Mateo, which was abandoned for the third time after its recent capture.

It is alleged that more than half the howitzer ammunition used by the Americans during the fight at Angeles was defective and failed to explode.

It May Come too Far.

Salisbury Truth.

We have been trying to believe Judge Simonton issued injunctions only for good and sufficient reasons, and that he was perfectly honest and sincere in his efforts to see that justice was the only object he desired to be obtained, but since his latest (nine in one day) against the re assessment of railroad property for taxes by the Rail road Commission, there appear too many instances of favoritism to organizations, not only against individuals, contrary to the holdings of courts, laws and judges who are as well equipped and capable as he, that we have decided, in our humble opinion, to class such men and use of the law among the trusts, combines, etc., which are menacing the liberties of the people, usurping authority, oppressing the poor and centralizing power, regardless of the welfare of our people and Republic. Any little technicality now seems to be a sufficient excuse for the issuing of an injunction benefitting a corporation.

This injunction game is going too far and should be stopped.

NO CURE—NO PAY.

That is the way all druggists sell Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter, nauseating Tonics. Price 50c.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers expel from the system all poisonous accumulations, regulate the stomach, bowels and liver, and purify the blood. They drive away disease, dissipate melancholy, and give health and vigor for the daily routine. Do not gripe or sicken. King Bros.

A Mother Tells How She Saved Her Little Daughter's Life.

I am the mother of eight children and have had a great deal of experience with medicines. Last summer my little daughter had the dysentery in its worst form. We thought she would die. I tried everything I could think of, but nothing seemed to do her any good. I saw by an advertisement in our paper that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy was highly recommended and sent and got a bottle at once. It proved to be one of the very best medicines we ever had in the house. It saved my little daughter's life. I am anxious for every mother to know what an excellent medicine it is. Had I known it at first it would have saved me a great deal of anxiety and my little daughter much suffering.—Yours truly, MRS. GEO. F. BURDICK, Liberty, R. I. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

SYRUP OF FIGS

ACTS GENTLY ON THE KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS CLEANSES THE SYSTEM EFFECTUALLY DISPELS COLDS HEADACHES & FEVERS OVERCOMES HABITUAL CONSTIPATION PERMANENTLY TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS.

BUY THE GENUINE—MAN'F'D BY CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. LOUISVILLE, KY. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. NEW YORK, N.Y.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE 50c PER BOTTLE.

The South and the Pending War.

Baltimore Sun.

The Indianapolis Sentinental, commenting on Senator Foraker's declarations that "the war in the Philippines is not a popular war," charges the Administration with discriminating against the South and playing politics. "Ever since the brief brush in Cuba," says the Sentinel, "it looks very much as if military operations had been regarded not merely as a sectional matter, but as a political one as well. None but Republicans have been put on guard, and the troops have been sedulously drawn from the North. In raising the new regiments, instead of correcting what must manifestly look like grave discrimination, the difference is emphasized by making the recruiting centres for every one of these regiments in the North, so that it is practically impossible for Southern men to be in them. The President's policy is wrong in this, and it is a policy that may come back to plague him."

The Sentinel might have added that it has been shown very plainly of late that Southern men are not anxious to join the regiments which are being recruited for service in the Philippines. The effort has been made to enlist two regiments in Southern States, but volunteers could not be obtained in sufficient numbers to complete these organizations. Probably the President does not care to risk another rebuff in that section, and, therefore, will confine recruiting hereafter to the North and West. The lack of enthusiasm in the South is not due to antipathy to a Republican Administration or to sectional feeling. The response to the call for troops in the war with Spain was prompt and hearty, and no objection was made to serving under President McKinley's banner. But the treatment which the Southern troops then received was sufficient to cool their ardor, and as they were ignored by the Administration then, they are not disposed to volunteer their services again unless there is pressing need of them.

When the Administration was making preparations to invade Cuba last year there were thousands of Southern troops available. These men, being in a measure acclimated, would have been more serviceable than such regiments as the Seventy first New York or the Michigan volunteers. They were palpably ignored, however, and the State troops which were used to supplement the little army of regulars were composed exclusively of Northern and Western men. General Wheeler was given a command, but he was subordinate to a general to whom he could have taught the art of war, and whose knowledge of military operations on a large scale was exceedingly limited. Fitzhugh Lee, whose services as Consul General at Havana had been of the greatest value to the Government, was side-tracked and placed in charge of a camp of instruction, and the South was not permitted to take an active part in the war, despite the fitness and eagerness of Southern troops to go to the front. When volunteers were sent to the Philippines only one Southern regiment was included in the list of organizations selected for service in the Far East. The other regiments were from Northern and Western States. Under these circumstances, therefore, the charge of the Indianapolis Sentinel, that the Administration has waged a sectional war, is not without foundation.

When the Spanish army in Cuba surrendered and an American army of occupation was sent to the island, the best-equipped man for the post of Military Governor of Cuba was Fitzhugh Lee. His knowledge of the Cuban people and of the conditions in the island was far greater than that of any other officer. But Lee was a Southern man and could not be permitted to figure too prominently before the public. Again he was "side-tracked" and made Military Governor of one of the Cuban provinces, a subordinate position, in which he has been very effectually hid away from the public gaze. It is true that about this time President McKinley made a tour of several States in the South and spoke words of honeyed flattery to the Southern people, but the War Department took particular pains to keep Southern troops from the front and offered no prominent post to any Southern man. The North and the West monopolized all the posts of honor and their troops were assigned to active duty, when Southern regiments were kept in camps of instruction. This was enough to dampen the enthusiasm of even the most patriotic people, and the result was what might have been expected. Moreover, the South has received scanty recognition in the appointment of officers for the new volunteer regiments. A few crusts in the shape of commissions in the lower grades have been thrown to it, but in the main it has fared very badly.

Another consideration which cannot be ignored from the Southern standpoint is the mystery which envelops the object for which the war is being waged. A war for imperialism is as unpopular in the South as it is in the East. If it were simply a question of sustaining the Administration in a just cause there would be no lack of enthusiasm in any part of the country, and the Southern States would give the Government all the volunteers that might be required. But in view of the conviction that the Administration is conducting a war of conquest and territorial aggrandizement, not to uphold the national honor, but to commit the country to a dangerous policy in conflict with our traditions and institutions, it is no wonder that the South hesitates. A war waged under such conditions and for such purposes is not and never will be a "popular war" in the South. In the absence of an explicit statement from the Administration that it does not intend to hold the Philippines permanently as a conquered province, it may be reasonably assumed that it is committed, without reservation, to the most radical form of imperialism. To such a policy not only the South but the majority of the American people are opposed, as the Administration will discover in good season.

Hope Mills Items.

Hope Mills, N. C., Aug. 26, '99.

The Hope Mills Manufacturing Company has a new manager; Mr. J. Shelton Davis is the man. He is a native of the State of Pennsylvania, and is forty-two years old. For the last twelve years he has been in Canada, where he was superintendent of the Canadian Colored Cotton Mills. He comes here well qualified to fill the responsible position which he holds, having spent twenty-four years in the mill business. All who have met Mr. Davis speak of him as a pleasant and agreeable gentleman. Before going to Canada he was a republican but has not taken any part in politics or voted since that time. He is a member of the Episcopal Church. We hope that he will be able to run the mills with profit to himself and to the company. If he runs the mills as successfully as his predecessor, Mr. S. H. Cotton, the owners may truly say "well done good and faithful servant."

Mrs. Kenneth McDonald, of Ivanhoe, widow of the late Kenneth McDonald, is visiting her brother, Mr. Lochlin McDonald. She spent a day with Mrs. W. D. Campbell. She will return to Ivanhoe Tuesday.

Rev D. A. Buie returned from McColl, S. C., yesterday. He has been gone about two months. While at McColl he took fever and came home to receive attention that can no where else be obtained. We hope he will soon recover.

Mrs. J. R. Cathoon was bitten by a ground rattle snake a few days ago. She is doing as well as could be expected of any one that has been bitten by one of those little enemies to men.

Z. B. NEWTON.

A. C. L. to Abandon McNatt's.

As foreshadowed by us some time ago, the A. C. L. is now about to abandon the old C. F. & Y. V. track from Hope Mills to McNatt's. The Lumber Bridge News of Wednesday last says:

Agents of the Atlantic Coast Line have purchased from Wesley H. Hall, at McNatt's, his store house and all his real estate. He is the only man doing business at that station. Mr. Hall is to go to Raleigh at the next meeting of the Corporation Commissioners to testify to that court that he had the only business at that point. It appears that it is the intention of the railroad management to run the line of the Yadkin division of the Wilmington & Weldon road from this place to Parkton and thence over the Coast Line track to Fayetteville and tear up the line from this place to Hope Mills. This would result in the discontinuance of the McNatt station, of course. But the permission of the Corporation Commission is felt to be needed ere the step is taken. We learn that Dr. W. McNatt and John McCormick will resist the discontinance of the line from here on to Hope Mills and that legal steps have already been taken to this end.

Married.

In Black River township, Cumberland county, on the 20th inst., at the residence of Mr. Jno. R. Tew, Mr. G. T. Johnson to Miss Leona Lee, Rev. Gray Culbreth, officiating.

The New Superintendent of Hope Mills.

Mr. J. Shelton Davis, who has succeeded Mr. S. H. Cotton as Superintendent of the Hope Mills Manufacturing Company, was in the city yesterday, and was introduced to a number of our leading citizens by Mr. Cotton. Mr. Davis is a most agreeable gentleman and made a fine impression.

Teachers for Colored Public School.

John B. Henderson, who, by the way, is not the John Henderson of the recent "trial in colored high life," secretary of School Committee of district No. 1, colored, gives us the following official list of teachers for Public School No. 1, the committee having finally concluded their difficult task:

Rev. R. S. Reeves, Principal; Henry M. Williams, Assistant Principal; and Anna Henderson, Fanny Holiday, and Alice Christmas, teachers.

The school will open on September 4th.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

A diseased stomach surely undermines health. It dulls the brain, kills energy, destroys the nervous system, and predisposes to insanity and fatal diseases. All dyspeptic troubles are quickly cured by Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It has cured thousands of cases and is curing them every day. Its ingredients are such that it can't help curing. King Bros.

Rev. J. M. Yingling, pastor of the Bedford Street Methodist church at Cumberland, Md., says: "It affords me much pleasure to recommend Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. I have used it and know others who have done so. I have never known it to fail. It is a sure cure when taken in time. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF COD-LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES

should always be kept in the house for the following reasons:

FIRST—Because, if any member of the family has a hard cold, it will cure it.

SECOND—Because, if the children are delicate and sickly, it will make them strong and well.

THIRD—Because, if the father or mother is losing flesh and becoming thin and emaciated, it will build them up and give them flesh and strength.

FOURTH—Because it is the standard remedy in all throat and lung affections.

No household should be without it. It can be taken in summer as well as in winter.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

What Robesonians Think of Our Tobacco Market

The Lumber Bridge news, edited by Rev. P. R. Law, has this to say in yesterday's issue of the Lumberton Robesonian:

We are glad to note the success of the tobacco warehouse enterprise at Fayetteville. A large number of the experimenters in tobacco culture in this section have been selling on this new market, and we have heard no complaint as to treatment or with the prices obtained.

Red Hot From the Gun

Was the ball that hit G. B. Steadman of Newark, Mich., in the Civil War. It caused horrible ulcers that no treatment helped for 20 years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him. Cures cuts, bruises, burns, boils, felons, corns, skin eruptions. Best pile cure on earth. 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son, druggists.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy; gives instant relief to corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery. Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for ingrowing nails, sweating, hot, aching feet. Trial package FREE. Sold by druggists, grocers, shoe stores and general storekeepers everywhere. By mail for 25 cts. in stamps. Address, Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

EDWIN R. MacKETHAN, Attorney and Counsellor, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

ISAAC A. MURCHISON. WILLIAM H. POPE
MURCHISON & POPE, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

DOCTOR D. G. MacKETHAN, Physician and Surgeon, Office N. E. Corner Market Square, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. June 30-d&w-tf

J. H. MARSH, M.D. J. F. HIGHSMITH, M D
Drs. MARSH & HIGHSMITH, Offices, Market Square and Green Street, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

JNO. D. MacRAE, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office at Sedberry's Drug Store, Fayetteville, N. C.

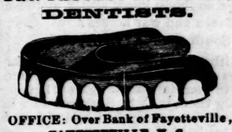
E. L. HUNTER, D.D.S. THOS. M. HUNTER D.D.S

DRS. HUNTER, DENTISTS, Northeast Corner Market Square, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. April 29, 1880.

H. McD. Robinson, Notary Public. John G. Shaw.
ROBINSON & SHAW, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Fayetteville, N. C. Offices Donaldson Street.

Practice in all the courts—State and Federal. Special attention given to collection of claims, management of estates and conveyancing. A member of the firm will always be found at office during office hours. Office hours 8:30 A. M. to 6 P. M.

DR. G. B. PATTERSON. DR. J. S. BETTS
DRS. PATTESON & BETTS, DENTISTS.



OFFICE: Over Bank of Fayetteville, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Offer their services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

$2.75 BOX RAIN COAT

A REGULAR $5.00 WATERPROOF MACKINTOSH FOR $2.75.

Send No Money. Cut this ad. out, state your height and weight, number of inches around body at breast taken over vest and under coat, close up under arms, and we will send you this coat by express, C. O. D., subject to examination; examine and try it on at your nearest express office and if found exactly as represented and the most wonderful value you ever saw or heard of and equal to any coat you can buy for $5.00, pay the express agent our special offer price, $2.75, and express charges. THIS MACKINTOSH is latest 1899 style, made from heavy waterproof, tan color, genuine Scotch Cloth; extra long, double breasted, Sager velvet collar, fancy plaid lining, waterproof sewed, strapped and cemented seams, suitable for both rain or overcoat, and guaranteed greatest value ever offered by us or any other house. For Free Cloth Samples of Men's Mackintoshes up to $5.00, and Made-to-Measure Suits to $5.00, write for Free

and Overcoats at from $3.00 to $10.00, write for Free Book No. 980. Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO, ILL. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....AUGUST 31, 1899

E. J HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Mang'r

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1900.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

"Where the gold Democrats are numerically weak they will profess to accept the platform, but will oppose every plan that is calculated to bring success to the platform."
—William J. Bryan to National Committeeman C. S. Thomas, of Colorado.

WHERE "PROSPERITY" REIGNS.

We have been favored of late with several sermons on "Prosperity" at the hands of the McKinley organs. Prosperity, as we have had occasion to say before, is a relative term; and we have a very striking illustration of that fact in the derisive manner with which Mr. Bryan's comparison of the wages of the people at large with those of the officers of the army supported by them, has been received in those quarters where prosperity of the genuine sort prevails. The New York Sun contains this in a leading editorial:

In his speech to the Iowa Democrats at Des Moines, Mr. William J. Bryan made one remarkable statement which has not received quite as much attention as it deserves. It is this:

"A republic needs an army of 25,000 for 70,000,000 people. An empire needs four times that large an army when 10,000,000 population is added. This suits *the young men who get fat jobs in the army*, but not the people who pay the $1,500 a year needed to maintain each soldier in the Philippines."

The young men thus mentioned as getting what Mr. Bryan calls fat jobs in the army are second lieutenants and first lieutenants and captains whose pay is so meagre that the suggestion of fatness about it would make a horse laugh. * * * As Mr. Richard Croker has lately pointed out, William J. Bryan is a man of intelligence. He knows perfectly well that there are no young or old men, "who get fat jobs in the army." He is fully aware of the fact that the life of an officer in the military service of the United States must needs be at all times a life of frugality and self denial.

And so on. Any one who knows New York, with its rolling wealth, will readily accept the view of the Sun as a perfectly sincere one. "Why do they not eat bread and cheese?" asked one of the children of a king whose subjects were reported dying of starvation. Those who live in the land of five cent cotton, or of truck farmers impoverished by transportation rates that consume all the "fatness" of the business, know that the average young man who gets an officer's "job" in the army is looked upon as one of the most fortunate of beings. Mr. Bryan simply voices the people's view. As this is supposed to be a people's government, that is the orthodox view.

It would be difficult to present a more telling proof of the utter inharmony with our institutions of those congested centres of wealth where "prosperity" reigns perennially as a result of unequal laws.

THE ANTI-BRYAN OPERA BOUFFE.

There have been few things in political history so comical as the collapse of the anti-Bryan movement, which had its storm centre in New York. The beginning, of course, was the invitation to the so-called ten-dollar Jefferson dinner, by which Mr. Perry Belmont, the bolter, thought he would ensnare Mr. Bryan. But that was fine play, and was met by Mr. Bryan in a way of which a less courageous man would have been incapable. The comic and comical part began with the side-splitting act of ex-Governor Hogg, of Texas, when he demolished the carefully laid plans of Alabama Willett and the Tammany leaders by making a Bryan speech in response to a toast which they unwarily called upon him to reply to.

The Saratoga performances have since kept the national audience in a roar, and now comes the funniest thing of all. The St. Louis Globe-Democrat (a Republican paper) the other day published a collection of reports from "leading" politicians in the South showing that Bryan is "losing ground" in this section. "Leaders" in each State, "who represent money and influence," "have opened the fight within the Democratic party against Bryan and will wage war on him to the finish," says this Republican annex of the Democratic party, with the false name.

The article gives the States *seriatim*. Here is what it says of North Carolina:

"North Carolina is also fighting grandly. The war horses counted against Bryan include J. S. Wilson, of Charlotte; F. C. Olds, E. G. Mears, F. M. Fox and others."

Does anybody know either of these gentlemen and war horses?

Of South Carolina it says:

"Although Gov. McSweeney is for Bryan in South Carolina, there are some influential leaders against Bryan. Among them is C. S. Sinkler, who is considered a regiment in himself in a political fight."

Upon this our neighbor, the wide-awake Florence Times, makes this rather uncomplimentary comment:

"Who is C. S. Sinkler, by the way, this whole regiment?"

Rather a shabby showing the Globe-Democrat makes for its goldbug friends "in" the Democratic party.

CURIOUS FEATURE OF FRENCH LAW.

A Seattle (Washington) telegram says:

M. Leon Bureau, of Paris, formerly private secretary to M. Labori, is the guest of Dr. Adriene Monod, French Vice Consul. He said to-day that the present trial of Dreyfus will result in his acquittal If a verdict of guilty is returned, the Court of Cassation, the higher French authority, will at once set it aside and order another Court-martial and so on until he is acquitted. The Court of Cassation knows that French law is being juggled by this military Court, and there are two grounds on which it could set aside such a sentence: First, a violation of the law, and, second, abuse of power.

"When the Court of Cassation sent Dreyfus back for a second trial," said M. Bureau, "he was remanded on the charge of having been the author of the bordereau. Now this is the only thing he could be tried for. Instead of sticking to this, the Court has permitted witnesses to talk of outside matters, which is directly a violation of French law. If some matter not connected with the bordereau should come up in the testimony proving Dreyfus' guilt, this Court-martial could not try him; the Court of Cassation would have to order a new trial for the specific purpose."

That is a very interesting statement. We presume it is correct, and, if so, it reveals a state of affairs very creditable to a military government like that of the French; especially when we consider the fact that in our own republic there is no possible revision of the verdict of a military court by any civil court, or by any civil official short of the President (or his clerk, the Secretary of War), and even then the President acts in his capacity as commander-in-chief of the army.

We believe we have correctly assumed the fact as to our own law, and that there has been no departure from the general principle settled in the act of April 10, 1806, as further interpreted by the naval case of Captain McKenzie before the U. S. Circuit Court in New York in 1843.

The French Court of Cassation, as our readers probably know, is their highest court, and it would seem that it has jurisdiction of everything, in one way or another.

A TURNING POINT.

We give below Mr. James Creelman's letter from Omaha, Nebraska, to the New York Journal, describing the effect of Mr. Bryan's masterful influence upon the somewhat discordant silver elements in that State. It is over a week since it appeared, but it is important to preserve it because it marks another turning point in the remarkable course of events which have made Mr. Bryan the undisputed head of the Democratic party.

We say it is another turning point, because the first was the letter to Mr. Perry Belmont in February, drawing the line against traitors and bolters. Except for this bold stroke, the bolters would have again come into possession of the party, with the inevitable result which followed Mr. Cleveland's apostacy.

Since the Belmont episode the Republican Democrats have directed all their attention to the creation of divisions in the Democratic party, as in Kentucky, and to the prevention of co-operation (or fusion as it is called) between the loyal Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans in States such as Nebraska, where the division of these forces means Republican ascendancy. They were especially anxious to prevent such a union of the Bryan forces in Nebraska, because that is Mr. Bryan's own State. Mr. Creelman brings out much of this in a striking way.

We do not think that this triumph in Nebraska, vitally important as it is, will mark the end of the efforts of the Republican Democrats to keep the Bryan forces apart, by any means. That work will proceed, though less openly, in the other States where such division may mean a vote for McKinley. But the coast is vastly clearer, and the issue from now on less complicated.

As to Mr. Creelman's suggestion that Mr. Bryan's proposition runs counter to the Democratic doctrine of States rights, we answered that in the article "Straining at a Gnat," published in the Daily OBSERVER of August 23rd and the Weekly of August 24th. His suggestion illustrates the prevalent ignorance of the Constitution. Jeffersonians agree that the Federal government is supreme in its sphere, *though strictly limited to that.* Control of interstate commerce is delegated to the Federal government. What Mr. Bryan proposes is a matter of that kind.

Mr. Bryan's Plan to Kill Trusts.

Mr. Creelman wrote from Omaha last week to the New York Journal, as follows:

The most remarkable thing about Mr. Bryan's great speech to the Nebraska Democratic State Convention last night was the definite remedy he suggested for the corrupting and engulfing trust system. While the Democratic leader did not tie himself irrevocably to the idea, he certainly set it forth deliberately.

He declared that the overgrown trusts could be controlled, and, if necessary, absolutely annihilated, by a national law forbidding any corporation organized in one State from carrying on business in any other State without a special license from the National Government. This license would be issued under such restrictions and limitations as to make any further existence of trusts impossible.

Mr. Bryan's proposal was thunderously applauded. It is hardly in line with the historic policy of the Democratic party regarding the right of each State to determine for itself the conditions under which business may be done within its borders.

Only a few minutes before this utterance Senator Allen, the floor, stood on the same platform and said to the same audience that Government ownership of great public conveniences, such as telegraphs and railways, was the only means by which the trusts could be crushed. This, too, was greeted with hearty applause.

I mention this thing principally for the purpose of indicating the almost incredible power which Mr. Bryan has shown in again bringing about a fusion of the Democrats, Populists and silver Republicans of Nebraska. His leadership in the West is unchallenged. He is stronger here than ever and more skilful in the settlement of quarrels between the leaders of local factions.

HOW BRYAN HEALED FACTIONAL DIFFERENCES.

I came from Lincoln to Omaha with Mr. Bryan two days ago. There were signs of discord in every direction. A powerful group of Democrats, embittered by Holcomb's refusal to appoint them or their friends to office during his term as Governor, had announced their intention of waging war against his candidacy for a judgeship of the Supreme Court in the Democratic convention.

In the Sixth Congressional District, Mr. Harrington, a Democrat, and Mr. Neville, a Populist, were standing as opposing nominees for Congress. Each had stated that he would never retreat. The air was full of the sounds of war. But within twenty-fours hours Mr. Bryan had persuaded Mr. Harrington to withdraw from the field and had convinced the leaders of the opposition to Holcomb that any open fight in the Democratic convention might injure the prospects of the party in the Presidential struggle next year.

It was interesting to see the extraordinary change that occurred. In one day Mr. Bryan reconciled enemies and adjusted feuds. The three conventions nominated Holcomb for Judge of the Supreme Court, and the most perfect fusion of Silver and Anti-Republican forces ever known in Nebraska was effected.

Mr. Bryan's authority as leader was recognized without a word of dissent. And yet he uttered no threat. A few earnest words from him seemed to convince the most passionate factionist. His one supreme argument was that a defeat of the reform forces in Nebraska this year would be taken by the rest of the country as a sign that the people had rejected the Chicago platform and had endorsed the McKinley administration.

PERSONAL POPULARITY OF MR. BRYAN.

Wherever Mr. Bryan moved he seemed to know every person he passed in the streets—business men, laborers, policemen, newsboys, peddlers, trolley conductors—all greeted him by name. Whatever else may be said of him, he certainly has the almost universal affection of the people of Nebraska.

Looking back to the Western trips I made with Mr. Bryan in 1896, I should say that he is very much stronger to-day than he was then. Even the Republicans, who oppose him politically, speak of him kindly and in respectful terms. He is no longer referred to as an "Anarchist" or the "Boy Orator," but is regarded as a commanding and serious politician, who understands the plain people as no one, perhaps, understood them since Abraham Lincoln.

There seems to be little doubt that the Republicans will lose Nebraska this year. The anti-trust and silver element is vigorous and persistent, and the President's foreign policy will cost him, it is said, at least 20,000 votes among the German, Bohemian and other foreign born citizens, who abhor militarism; not to speak of the fierce and unquenchable anti-imperialist spirit which controls so many native born Republicans.

A Nebraska banker, who has been a State Senator and a strong McKinley man, said to me to-day:

"Nebraska will go Democratic this year. Thousands of Republicans will vote the fusion ticket as a protest against the President's reckless and un-American foreign policy. As for myself, unless Mr. McKinley abandons his Asiatic adventure I shall vote for Bryan next year, in spite of the fact that I do not approve of his financial views."

After making two more speeches Mr. Bryan will start for California to rest with his wife and children in the Yosemite Valley. He will return to Nebraska on October 12.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The correspondents are hastening to inform the public that there never was anything in the Saratoga anti-Bryan boom. The Atlanta Constitution's New York correspondent says it was all worked by one Walker, a newspaper reporter, out of gratitude to his benefactors. That is very amusing. "None of the New York politicians takes it at all seriously," says the correspondent—of course not *now*—and "as a matter of fact, everybody expects to see Bryan nominated, and there is among New York democratic leaders just now something very much like a mob to the Bryan band wagon." At any rate, we may say that all's well that ends well.

BEAVER DAM ITEMS.

BEAVER DAM, Aug. 24, 1899.

The farmers are very busy now gathering fodder and, oh, don't it rain, and the weather keeps so very hot till we verily think it is summer yet.

Mr. Morris Hall spent Saturday and Sunday with his daughter, Mrs. M. E. Starling, of Godwin, N. C.

Master Edward Smith is sick with fever, we are sorry to report.

The school at Clay Fork Academy is on a boom, with Doc Thagard and Mr. A. A. Hales as teachers.

We hear Mr. M. O. Bullard has sold out his saw and shingle mill to a company of mill men at Salem, N. C.

Our report in last week's items concerning Mr. Simon Smith's buying Mr. A. A. Melvin's mill was incorrect, so far as finally closing the trade was concerned. They disagreed as to some technicality of the trade.

Mr. F. S. Carty is very sick, we hear. Mr. Carty is one of our oldest citizens. We hope he may be spared many more years to live with us.

Far away Beaver Dam is coming to the front in the way of new dwelling houses. As one passes along our rural roads the clap of the hammer or ring of the saw as the carpenter daily forges away at his daily task, forcibly reminds one that we live in a land of progress and will-be-weddings, some day. There are many bright-eyed, rosy-cheeked country lasses smiling, yes sweetly smiling, at all this racket, and the old folks say sometimes I told you so. The world moves and so do we.

Rev. William Melvin, of Winnie, N. C., filled his regular appointment at Peter's Creek church last Sunday.

Miss Ethel Simmons is very sick, we are sorry to say.

We hope Fayetteville will develop into a great and prosperous tobacco market, and old Fayetteville with all her former glory will be the result, and truly this can be so, if the business men of Fayetteville and the farmers of the county will unite and all put their "shoulder to the wheel" and push together as any people should, that wishes to succeed. JACK.

P. S. Since writing the above items we have to chronicle the sad news of the death of Mrs. G. F. Bullard. She crossed "the chilly waters" August 26, 1899. The deceased lady was a kind hearted Christian, a member of the Baptist church. She leaves a husband and six children to mourn the loss of a kind mother, a gentle and loving companion. Oh! not in cruelty the reaper came that day. We extend our sympathy to the bereft. J.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers benefit permanently. They lend gentle assistance to nature, causing no pains or weakness, permanently curing constipation and liver ailments. King Bros.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

A Good Start.

The papers report the meeting of the committee named by Chairman Furman, of the Raleigh Post, to frame a constitution for an Association of Democratic editors, which took place Saturday in the office of the News and Observer at Raleigh.

Says the News and Observer:

"The committee is composed of Messrs. London, of the Chatham Record, chairman; Kerr, of the Asheville Citizen; Fagan, of the Aberdeen Telegram; Thomas, of the Louisburg Times; Whitaker, of the Winston Sentinel; Abernethy, of the Beaufort Herald, and Sapp, of the News and Observer. It was decided to hold the first meeting in Raleigh on Tuesday afternoon and Tuesday night of Fair week. The committee prepared a well digested constitution and amendment to be considered at that meeting. We quote two sections which tell the name, object of the Association and the persons eligible to membership.

"Sec. 1. The name of this organization shall be the North Carolina Democratic Editorial Association.

"Sec. 2. The object of this Association shall be to disseminate true Democratic principles, and to secure the supremacy of the Democratic party.

"Sec. 3. Any editor or publisher of a Democratic paper in the State of North Carolina, supporting adopted Democratic principles, platform or nominees, may become a member of this Association by a vote of a majority of the members present at any meeting, upon the recommendation of the Executive committee, to whom application must be made."

The Post and Col. Olds's correspondence give "and" in place of "or" in the 4th line of Section 3. That is important. We presume, of course, it is "and." The other would give such wide latitude as to render the association of no value to the party.

It is a pity that we did not have such an association in 1896, when papers which called themselves Democratic were deriding the adopted Democratic platform as the voice of "free riot and anarchy" and daily stabbing the Democratic nominee in the back.

We seem to be moving.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From Our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, August 28, 1899.

Have we, as people, anything to gain by joining hands with Great Britain in a Napoleonic policy of world conquest? Although the administration is at present carefully concealing any disposition it may have to enter upon such a policy, the disposition is believed to exist, and that question may become a leading one in next year's Presidential campaign. In diplomatic circles it is believed that the first steps towards such a policy have already been taken, and that the suspension of Dr. Bedloe, as U. S. Consul at Canton, China, at the request of the government of China, is one of them, although it is stated at the State Department the suspension of Dr. Bedloe was brought about by some irregularity in connection with issuing papers to an American vessel engaged in supplying arms and ammunition to the Filipinos and in issuing certificates to Chinese merchants trading with the Philippines.

The present attitude of greatness occupied by the U. S. was attained by following from the days of Washington a policy of strictly attending to our own affairs and leaving the people of other nations do the same. The glamour of foreign conquest has turned the head of the people of other nations many times in the past, and a few months ago there appeared to be danger that Americans would be blinded by the same glamour, but the common sense for which Americans are renowned, has come to the rescue, and our people are realizing not only the meaning, but the danger of the adoption of an imperialistic policy by the U. S., and present indications are that that realization will result in a restoration of the democratic party to power, and a resumption of the only safe foreign policy for this government to follow.

Men who at the beginning supported the expansion policy of the administration, are now severely criticising the results obtained by following that policy. For instance, the Washington Post, which has to all intents and purposes been an expansion sheet, says editorially: "Either we have not the genius and the temperament for successful colonization, or we have been grotesquely unfortunate in the selection of our agents. It is impossible to see at this moment where and it what respect we have accomplished anything important either in Cuba or in the Philippines. In the latter we have undertaken to set up the regime of law and order and civilization, and we have failed utterly. In the case of Cuba we have undertaken to give the people self-government, or at least to test their capacity in that line, and we have done neither. In the Philippines we have for six months or more been engaged in a petty and perfectly fruitless war with the natives. In Cuba the government consists of a military autocracy, little if any more beneficent than that conducted by the Spanish Governor Generals in times of peace. In Luzon it is actual war we have upon our hands. In Cuba, it is smouldering discontent, turbulence in various parts of the island, and a fatuous and feeble tyranny at Havana."

Two designs for the new $5 silver certificates, one having upon its face a vignette of Washington, and the other one of Jefferson have been submitted to Secretary Gage. It is said that a republican Senator heard about this and hurried to see Secretary Gage to tell him not to adopt the Jefferson design, because, if he did, it might become known as a democratic note. Be that as it may, Treasury officials say that the Jefferson design is not likely to be adopted.

The prediction that all of the 35,000 volunteers, authorized by Congress would be enlisted, has been almost verified. An order for the enlistment of one more additional regiment which will bring the number of volunteers nearly up to the limit, has been issued by secretary Root, and the new regiment will be composed of negroes. The officers, will, of course, be white men.

Notwithstanding the statement of Secretary Gage that the Treasury would be able to meet all of the expenses incidental to the large army we are preparing to send to the Philippines, in addition to other governmental expenses, without asking Congress to impose new war taxes or issuing more bonds, expert financiers who have carefully studied the matter, and whose opinions are not influenced by political exigences, still predict that more bonds or more taxes will be necessary, and when it is remembered that there was a deficit of $90,000,000 in round figures, at the close of the last fiscal year, the prediction seems reasonable. It may also be mentioned that special agents of the Internal Revenue Bureau are known to have been engaged for months in investigating the working of the various stamp taxes, presumably with an eye to more Congressional legislation in that direction.

Bimetallism True Democracy.

W. L. H. in Scottish Chief.

It has been claimed by the republican press that, since the campaign of 1896, and the defeat of Bryan at the polls, bimetalism was a dead issue, and could never be resurrected as a live question in future campaigns. Although we are but an atom, only representing one paper in the sturdy column of the democratic press, we desire to serve notice on our common enemy that they will have to confront bimetalism, and Bryan as its leader in 1900. Bryan and bimetalism, are as inseparable as bimetalism and democracy.

Bimetalism simply means the use of two metals that shall be primary money, their respective value as money being determined by a ratio We are told in history that Rome had no regular gold coinage until the empire, silver being the measure of values for a frugal and democratic people. It was only when the United States began to grow in wealth, to accumulate by legislative enactment through a highly protective tariff the money of the country from the pockets of the masses into the pockets of the manufacturers, that the state of things we now behold became possible.

Prior to the "Amended Coinage Act," passed during President Grant's administration, by which the standard dollar of the United States was changed from "silver" to "gold," we hear but little of the single gold and by the skilful stroke of a pen, and without the knowledge of President Grant, (for he signed the bill without knowing that it demonetized silver,) the United States became practically a mono metalic nation.

While the ratio between gold and silver is still held to be 16 to 1 in this country, the value of silver bullion has been depreciated in the markets of the world by the adverse legislation of the nations. By reference to the Encyclopedia Britannica Vol. XVI page 736, we learn that "the great depreciation of silver, resulted mainly from its having ceased to be money, over a large part of the civilized world." This was brought about by direct legislation against it, and while today silver pays the wages of millions all over the world as a subsidiary coin, and the world could not get along without it, it is denied its place, as *primary money.*

Wolowski, a prominent authority on Finance in Europe, predicted years ago, "any attempt to establish a universal gold standard, as contemplated by the Paris Conference in 1867 would cause a great appreciation in gold, which would be disastrous to commercial interests, while silver would lose most of its value."

Wolowski was a prophet. Gold has been enthroned as king in the United States, and monopoly threatens to swallow up the fruits of labor in every department of manufacture and husbandry.

We expect to see the next Republican nominating convention fulminate a wordy resolution against Trusts and Monopolies, something on the order of the people's bull against the court. The father of trusts and monopolies will denounce his own children in a few high sounding, meaningless words, and the trusts and monopolies will again put up the boodle, to elect McKinley or some other equally pliant tool.

Let the true democracy of the country rally as one man—against the single gold standard, against monopolies and trusts, against McKinleyism—and for Bryan, Bimetallism and true Democracy.

Disappearence of Cashier of the Wilmington Savings Bank.

Mr. Geo. Sloan, cashier of the Wilmington Savings Bank, a son of Mr. Geo. Sloan, a former resident of Fayetteville, disappeared Monday, and caused great alarm to the depositors in that institution, and to the commercial interests of Wilmington generally. Though this morning's papers tell of no shortage, our press dispatches this afternoon state that a shortage was discovered several days ago, and was made good by Mr. Norwood, President of the Atlantic National Bank.

Tuesday's Wilmington Messenger says:

When cashier Sloan failed to appear at the bank yesterday, a messenger was sent to his home, but he was not there. He was at home on Sunday morning, however. Members of his family made inquiry in all directions and it was learned that the last time he was seen in the city was 6 p. m. Sunday. He told a friend then that he intended to drive to the sound. It was ascertained, however, that he did not go to the sound, but bought a ticket for Baltimore and went north on the train which leaves at 7 p. m. on the Atlantic Coast Line.

The departure of the cashier mystifies the bank officials, and his friends. The officials say there was really no cause for his absenting himself, and his friends can only account for his singular action from the theory that he is suffering from overwork.

Mr. Sloan is about 28 years of age and is married and has one child. He has always been a most exemplary young man and we do not know of any man in Wilmington who so completely held the confidence of the community.

The following notice was made public last night:

"To the Public:

"George Sloan, cashier of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company, is missing. The bank's books and securities have been carefully examined and we can positively state that the bank will not lose one dollar by his absence, which we trust will be satisfactorily explained for the sake of his family and friends.

Mr. Jas. S. Worth will act as cashier for the present.

Donald MacRae,
J. W. Norwood,
Jas. S. Worth,
Geo. R. French,
N. B. Rankin,
W. A. Riach,
D. O'Connor,
H. L. Vollers."

High School for Boys.

The efforts which have been made to re-establish the Fayetteville Military Academy having failed for this year, the Rev. Mr. Tomlins, who has had many years experience in teaching advanced classes of boys, and giving them good preparation to enter college, has been urged to undertake a school for boys here, to open Oct. 1st. If sufficient encouragement is given him by the community, this school will be established and due notice of terms and place will be given.

OUR DISGRACEFUL ADMINISTRATION.

Says the New York Journal:

"MCKINLEY SHELTERING A THIEF."

Captain Oberlin M. Carter, United States corps of Engineers, was tried by a courtmartial 478 days ago, and found guilty of having defrauded the government of over $1,600,000.

He was sentenced to a fine of $10,000, three years' imprisonment and dismissal from the army.

There was not the slightest doubt of his guilt. His case was reviewed by thirty legal and military officials, and all found conclusive proof that he was a criminal.

His crime was infinitely worse than that of a common thief or burglar, for he appropriated funds which had been intrusted to his honor as an officer.

In spite of these facts, Captain Carter has up to the present time retained his freedom, his position, his sword and his salary. He has been living in luxurious apartments and squandering gayly the money which should have been spent on the harbor improvements of Savannah.

The blame for obstruction of justice can be traced through the red-tape mazes of officialdom up to President McKinley.

Either because Carter is from Ohio or because of the political influence of his friends, McKinley has shown an indefensible desire to lighten or remit his sentence.

This conduct of the president must necessarily have a very injurious effect upon the public mind, destroying confidence in the impartiality of the law.

For the lesser crime of obtaining $50,000 under false pretenses, Lord William Neville is now serving out a sentence of five years in the Wormwood Scrubs prison, England. He was a lieutenant in the British army, and his father was one of the pillars of the tory party, yet he received prompt punishment for his crime.

Why has there been this long delay in Captain Carter's case. The American people would like to know the secret of Mr. McKinley's affection for this uniformed swindler.

MCKINLEY DISGRACING US IN ANOTHER DIRECTION.

Says the Atlanta Journal:

The deal which the administration is attempting to make with the polygamous and scurvy sultan of Sulu archipelago is very discreditable from a moral standpoint, and is beneath the dignity of a great nation. It is doubtful, furthermore, if the United States can gain any material advantage by this alliance. General Bates is at the sultan's capital, bowing and scraping before him, and by the combined power of blandishment and cold cash endeavoring to obtain his signature to a "treaty." It must be said to the credit of the sultan of Sulu that he shows a decided indifference to these overtures and is very stubborn in his demands. The old chap is determined to drive a hard bargain, and we do not blame him. If we treat with him it will probably be on practically his own terms.

The basis of the negotiations so far has been an old treaty which the sultan had with Spain, but which had been a dead letter long before we ousted Spain from the Philippines. General Bates offers to guarantee on the part of the United States absolute non-interference with the internal affairs of the sultan's domain, the customs of the people or with their religion. Certain points are to be occupied as military posts, and the sultan is to fly the American flag in token of American sovereignty.

The sultan is loth to grant the concession as to the flag, but it is probable that an increase in the proposed subsidy purse with which we are to present him may bring him around.

Spain paid him $2,400 a year, but as he knows that we are much richer than Spain, he may demand a larger sum from us. Our commissioner in this transaction has made a point on slavery, and the sultan graciously agrees that his slaves may purchase their freedom at the market price. This seems to be satisfactory to General Bates. The archipelago over which the sultan exercises his ancient and hereditary reign is peopled by Moslems. Spain made several ineffectual efforts to subjugate them, but in 1876, after an unusual disastrous failure, seemed to give up the enterprise as hopeless. The Sulus are fierce fighters, and the sultan can easily put 50,000 warriors in the field. Slavery and polygamy are cornerstones of the sultan's civilization, and he rules with absolute sway.

It is proposed that we shall extend our scheme of enlightening and elevating the island peoples of the far east by recognizing and maintaining this despot with his slaves and his harem. It is a dirty piece of business.

Correction.

Correspondence of the Observer.]

EDITOR OBSERVER:—Please correct the statement in your issue of Aug. 23 to the effect that Rev. J. D. Liles disappeared Saturday. He was here and preached in the colored Baptist Church Sunday, and did not leave here until Monday to go to Cameron on business.

On Sunday night, 20th. inst., he publicly announced to his congregation that he would leave on Monday for Cameron and would not return until the 25th or 26th.

Respectfully,
H. H. Perry,
Dennis Tysor,
Geo. Walker,
Gilbert Hendon,
Committee.

Fayetteville, N. C., Aug. 26, '99.

Red Springs Items.

Red Springs, Aug. 28, 1899.

Rev. C. F. Rankin arrived Saturday evening after about 6 weeks' stay in Richmond, Va., and preached a good sermon here at 11 a. m. yesterday. Rev. C. E. Hodgin preached for him at Antioch yesterday.

First bale of new crop cotton, raised by George McNair, was sold to Livermore & McKinnon last Friday at 6 cents a pound for a 488 pound bale.

W. M. Roberts sold a bale Saturday; many bales open, but farmers busy with fodder.

Red Springs, Aug. 30th, '99.

Mrs. Amanda Johnson (nee Worthy) relict of Samuel E. Johnson, Cameron, N. C., and mother of W. J., Duncan and J. W. Johnson, died this morning at 6:30 at the home of her son, W. J. Johnson, of this place, aged 67 years. She will be carried on the A. C. L. R. R. to Swann's Station tomorrow and be buried 6 miles from there at the family burying ground near Dr. Johnson's.

F. B. Roberts took charge of Hotel Townsend today.

Mr. John Warwick, of New York, is here on a visit, the guest of Mr. James N. Marsh and Miss Kate Matthews.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles and cures Constipation. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

A BLESSING TO ANY HOME

Bound hand and foot to household drudgery, scrubbing and rubbing day in, day out. Women, why do you do it? Break away from the hard old-fashioned way of doing your cleaning with soap.

GOLD DUST Washing Powder has proven the emancipation of hundreds of thousands of other women. Why not yours? Let Gold Dust do more of the work, you do more of the play. You will be happier, healthier, save money and many an hour of worry. For greatest economy buy our large package.

The N. K. Fairbank Company CHICAGO NEW YORK ST. LOUIS BOSTON

Items from Wickers.

WICKER, N. C., Aug. 26, 1899.

To cite "Scotch Lassie" to her own apt quotation is excuse for my delinquency. The thermometer 100° in the shade is enough to demoralize a bee, that pattern of industry.

Isolation forbids gathering items without getting up and out. Paucity of items in this retired spot might induce manufacturing, if I did not fear getting into "hot water." "Keep cool," is a maxim the weather, if not morals, enforces. However, my news budget arrived yesterday, and I will try to unfold it.

First item, our beloved neighbor, Mr. James P. Hodges, is dead. His sons, John and Dr. Allison, worthily represent him, but they cannot better his example of consistent piety and winning courtesy.

Mr. Willie Walker is improving, and we hope to welcome him home to his wife and little son very soon.

Mrs. Walter Ray is in from Florida, visiting her mother, Mrs. McCormick, also her many friends and relatives.

Mr. Purvis Laurason is on the eve of leaving for school in Richmond, Va. His departure will change the weather. So many tears shed cannot fail to change the temperature.

Our "Cape Fear and Northern" railroad prospect is obscured for the present; indeed, I fear the regime of air locomotion will be inaugurated first. It is sad how much involved in *air* our railroad efforts are.

Mr. Astor McCorquodale is home for a brief visit. His reduced avoirdupois hints at hard work, love or some of the anti fatteners.

Mr. Everton Wicker's enlistment expired the twenty-fourth. After a northern tour we hope to see him home again.

The "holiness" people are holding forth at Wood's school house. One is tempted to go to witness the performance, but for fear of the compromising situation a son of Bacchus get in by the perplexing manœuvres. If Kip Kimpton has never heard the story I will finish it sometime by way of pay for his last interesting letter.

I think S. L. ought, as principal correspondent, and mentor of the staff call to account Bladen "M." He or she allowed a sweet lady to go and come in Bladen unchronicled. I hope to have the handling of that unknown quantity some day.

Mr. D. McRae, our genial and interesting exponent of telegraphy, stopped with us Thursday.

Crops are turning out upon the same old lines, of just enough to keep the farmers in heart to try again for better results.

Tobacco is an alluring prospect just now, and many are going into it next year.

But I have told enough to secure my release from S. L.'s imputation, that I don't write but once a year.

SIRONA.

Bad Blood

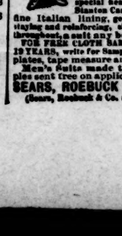
Boils, Skin Eruptions, Ulcers, Pimples, Fever Sores, Eczema, Scrofula, Cancers,

CURED BY B.B.B., BOTANIC BLOOD BALM.

To prove the wonderful healing power of B.B.B., every sufferer may receive a SAMPLE BOTTLE of B.B.B. FREE BY MAIL.

B.B.B., Botanic Blood Balm, has a mastery over all Blood Diseases which no other remedy even approaches. It B.B.B. literally drives the poison, or bad blood, out of the body, bones, and entire system, leaving the flesh pure and free from blemishes. While B.B.B. is a powerful blood remedy, it can be taken with perfect safety by old and young. B.B.B. leaves no bad after effects, and the cures are permanent.

Tumors, Ulcers, or Cancer of the Nose, Eye, Lip, Ear, Neck, Breast, Stomach, Legs, or Arms, are all curable by B.B.B., which is made especially to cure all terrible Blood Diseases. Persistent Sores, Blood and Skin Blemishes, that resist other treatments, are quickly cured by B.B.B. Skin Eruptions, Pimples, Red, Itching Eczema, Scales, Blisters, Red or Brown Patches, Blotches, etc., are all due to bad blood, and hence easily cured by B.B.B. Syphilitic Blood Poison literally driven from the system by B.B.B. in one to five months. B.B.B. does not contain vegetable or mineral poison. One bottle will test it in any case. For sale by druggists everywhere. Large bottles, $1, six for $5. Send 2 stamps for book and free sample bottle, which will be sent by return mail. When you write, describe symptoms, and personal free medical advice will be given. Address Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga.



$1.98 BUYS A $3.50 SUIT

5,000 CELEBRATED "NEVERWEAROUT" DOUBLE SEAT AND KNEE, REGULAR $3.50 BOYS' TWO-PIECE KNEE PANTS SUITS AT $1.98.

A NEW SUIT FREE FOR ANY OF THESE SUITS WHICH DON'T GIVE SATISFACTORY WEAR. SEND NO MONEY, cut this ad. out and send to us, state age of boy and say whether a large or small for age and we will send you the suit by express, C. O. D. subject to examination. You can examine it at your express office and if found perfectly satisfactory and equal to suits sold in your town for $3.50, pay your express agent our Special Offer Price, $1.98, and express charges.

THESE KNEE PANT SUITS are for boys 4 to 15 years of age and are retailed everywhere at $3.50. Made with DOUBLE SEAT and KNEES, latest 1900 style as illustrated, made from a special heavy weight, wear-resisting, all-wool Stanton Cassimere, neat, handsome pattern, lined throughout with Farmers Satinette, perfect in fit, staylng and reinforcing, silk and linen sewing, the tailor-made throughout, a suit any boy or parent would be proud of.

FOR FREE CLOTH SAMPLES of Boys' Clothing for boys 4 to 19 YEARS, write for Sample Book No. 985, contains fashion plates, tape measure and full instructions how to order.

Men's Suits made to order from $5.00 up. Samples sent free on application. Address,

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Chicago, Ill.
(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

Dublin Items.

Dublin, Bladen Co., N. C.,
Aug. 26, 1899.

Prof. J. A. McArthur, Principal of the Lumber Bridge High School, was in this section last week in the interest of his popular school.

Mr. R. H. Lyon intends going to Chapel Hill in September to enter the University law school.

Mr. W. B McGill, of Elizabethtown, went to Fayetteville last week on business.

Mr. J. I. McMillan was in upper Robeson this week.

Mr. R. H. Parker, one of Dublin's leading young merchants, is in Wilmington this week on business.

There was a moonlight picnic at "Prospect Hall," the residence of Mr. Robt. Whitted, Tuesday night. Those who attended report an enjoyable time.

T. G. Vickers has moved from Lyon's Landing to White Oak township.

Solicitor McLean is attending court at Carthage, Moore county, this week.

Hon. C. C. Lyon attended Columbus court last week.

Mr. J. L. Rosser and family, of Elizabethtown, are spending some time at a health resort.

Hon. W. J. Sutton carried a "moonshiner" to Fayetteville Monday night.

Revs. D. S. Futrell and T. J. Browning are conducting a protracted meeting at Union M. E. Church.

Prof. David F. Nicholson, who has been teaching in Oregon and California the past two years, has returned to his former home in lower Bladen county.

Mr. F. P. Munn, of Rex, Robeson county, visited relatives at Tar Heel last week.

Mr. H. C. Atkinson, of Ham, made a business trip to Lumberton Thursday last.

Mr. D. C. McDuffie, of Dublin, is visiting at Alderman.

Capt. Irving Robeson, of El

THE OBSERVER

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., AUG. 31, 1899

We desire a live agent and correspondent at every postoffice in Cumberland and adjoining counties.

Correspondence on all subjects of local and general interest and opinions upon matters public of concern, are invited

The editor will not be responsible for the views or statements of correspondents—and reserves the right at all times to revise or correct any article he may think requires it.

Correspondence for the Weekly Observer should reach the office not later than Monday.

One side, only, of the paper must be written on—and the real name of the writer accompany the contribution. No attention will be paid to anonymous letters.

☞ The date on your label tells you when your subscription expires. Receipts for money on subscription will be given in change of date on label. If not properly changed in two weeks notify us.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Clyde Line—Sailing Days.
Marsh-Highsmith Sanitarium
Q. K. Nimocks—Planters' Special.
C. H. Wilmoth, Manager—Stieff Pianos.
Mrs. E. J. McLauchlin—Administratrix Notice.

To Mail Subscribers.

The label bearing your address indicates the expiration of your subscription. Renew it before it expires and thereby avoid missing any copies.

The First Cotton.

Mr. L. D. Bennett, of 71st, marketed two bales of new cotton last Saturday, the first sold here this season. It brought 5.80.

A Well Known Character Dead.

Mrs. Nancy Brown, better known as "Pea-Picker Brown," died at the County Poor-House Saturday morning aged anywhere from 90 to 100 years. She was a queer looking old woman and had many odd characteristics.

Big Timber Deal.

Britton & Johnson Saturday purchased the Jack Davis timber on Big Rockfish, situated in Cumberland and Robeson counties, 2,500 acres, for the sum of $7,000. This is the second large tract of land these enterprising lumbermen have bought in the past year, the first costing them $20,000.

Strange Growth of a Pumpkin Vine.

Mr. J. Hector Smith has on exhibition at the court house the strangest phenomena in the growth of a pumpkin vine we have ever seen. It is a two foot section of the vine, on which there are at least twenty-five little pumpkins. The vine is in the shape of a pneumatic tire with the air out, and lying flat is a little over five inches in width.

Mr. Smith will probably send this queer bit of tropical growth to the Commissioner of Agriculture.

A Big Deal—Hickinson & Co. to Operate the H. A. Rankin Mill.

The Hickinson Lumber Company, of Norfolk and Kinston, have leased the H. A. Rankin planing mill with an option to buy. It is said that they will take advantage of the option and will shortly enlarge this already fine plant. Mr. John Hickinson, Jr., is here and will be the manager of the mill, we learn. Hickinson & Co. are lumber manufacturers of the first magnitude, and in their coming Fayetteville is to be congratulated. They recognize the wonderful transportation facilities of Fayetteville, both water and rail, and our near proximity to some of the finest timber lands in the south.

To Fight the Side Tracking of McNatts.

Mr. John McCormick was in the city today to consult his attorneys, Messrs. Robinson and Shaw, in regard to the proposed abandonment of McNatt's Station by the A. C. L. Mr. McCormick says that he, Dr. McNatt and others, who have large business interests in and around McNatts, will fight the abandonment to the bitter end. They are now preparing an appeal to the Railroad Commission.

As stated by us Saturday, the A. C. L. has bought up the only business institution at McNatts and will apply to the commission to allow them to tear up the track from Hope Mills to McNatts, as then they can run all Yadkin trains over the A. C. L. track as far as Parkton.

It will be a pretty fight before the commission.

Local Timber News.

Mr. W. J. Johnson, of the firm of Britton & Johnson, was to have been here today, to receive final possession of the Jack Davis land, which his firm has just purchased for $7,000, but a telegram was received from him stating that his mother was extremely ill and it would be impossible for him to come.

Mr. W. J. Sikes, who recently bought several thousand acres of timber about eight miles from this city, lying between Lakewood and Cottonade, has erected a splendid saw and planing plant near the Lakewood station, which is now in full operation. It is said to be one of the best equipped plants in the State.

The recent purchases of timber lands in this county indicate the fact that the John Blue railroad, now within 18 miles of Fayetteville, will shortly be only 10 miles from us, and may eventually come to our very gates. There are more ways than one for it to come here and easy routes too.

Death of Mr. John G. Deaver.

Mr. John G. Deaver, a well known farmer living near Roslin, died suddenly Sunday morning in his 89th year. During all his long life he never was sick and his unexpected death was due to striking his head against an object Sunday morning.

He leaves a widow who is 87 years of age. To them were born ten children, seven of whom are living.

You can't cure dyspepsia by dieting Eat good wholesome food, and plenty of it. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests food without aid from the stomach, and is made to CURE. King Bros.

One Minute Cough Cure, cures. That is what it was made for.

Death of Miss Lou A. Underwood.

We are grieved to have to record the death, in her 63d year, of Miss Lou A. Underwood, which occurred last Saturday at 9:30 o'clock, at the home of her brother, Capt. J. B. Underwood, on Green street, which had been her residence of late.

The deceased, who was a lady of refinement, culture and many virtues, was a daughter of the late Mr. John Underwood, of Sampson, and his wife, who was Miss Virginia Boykin. She had resided for a number of years, up to coming to Fayetteville a few months ago, with her sister, Mrs. Emerson, whose home was in Missouri up to twelve years ago and then at Eddy, New Mexico.

Miss Underwoed had greatly endeared herself to those of our people who had had the good fortune to know her during the time she has spent in Fayetteville. She had been suffering much with bronchitis of late, but death was entirely unexpected.

News of Interest.

The Clyde steamer New York, Capt. Ingram, was in port Friday, says the Wilmington Star, and cleared at 4 o'clock in the afternoon for Georgetown, S. C. She made on her down trip from New York the fastest time ever recorded for one of the Clyde vessels, having covered the entire distance in fifty-three hours.

The inquisition has been practiced right here in North Carolina, and its horrors were brought to light Friday by the penitentiary investigating committee, composed of Senator Brown and Representatives Gatti- and Pattison, appointed by the last legislature to investigate the condition of the State prison farms.

The most important witness was D. S. Russell, who was Summerell's steward in 1898 for a period of eight months. Russell is a half brother of Governor Daniel D. Russell, and a full brother of former Warden Russell, at the penitentiary at Raleigh.

From Russell's sworn testimony it appears:

1. One man was beaten to death on a farm.

2. One man was beaten so he could not get out of bed for two weeks, was left without food for two days and was denied medical attention.

3. Numerous others were beaten in the most brutal manner and were, some of them, disabled for days.

The employes all stood in mortal fear of Summerell and dared make no complaint against him.

Other witnesses testified to the good character, truthfulness and lack of prejudice of Mr. Russell.

"Chacornac," owned by James R. Kenne, won the Futurity race at Sheepshead Bay Saturday in the fast time of 1.10 2 5. J. J. Hiland's "Brigadier" was second, and Bromley & Co.'s "Windmere" third. It was the twelfth running of the richest stake in this country and the second time that the Keene colors have been in front. The Futurity was worth nearly $42,000. It was won by the favorite and was altogether the most satisfactory Futurity ever ran.

Lieutenant C. E. Johnson, of the U. S. Revenue Cutter service, who was sent from Washington for an inspection of the North Carolina coast, after the recent hurricane, in an interview with a representative of the Washington Star, says:

"The hurricane attained frightful velocity in the vicinity of Cape Hatteras," said Lieut. Johnston to a Star reporter to-day. "No one will probably ever know the real intensity of the storm. At the Hatteras weather bureau station the anemometer blew down while registering a wind velocity of 120 miles an hour, and one squall blew for a fraction of a minute at the rate of 160 miles an hour.

A dispatch from Wilson Monday night says:

The town is very much wrought up over the attempted murder of Mr. Calvin Barnes, one of Wilson's most popular citizens.

Mr. Barnes owns a farm near Wilson, and while returning from a trip to the farm tonight was waylaid and mortally wounded. The shooting occurred in Holly swamp about one mile from the town.

When the hold-up occurred there were in the buggy two little boys, grandchildren of Mr. Barnes.

The children gave an alarm which was answered by a negro man who brought the wounded man home.

Dr. Herring was at once called. He found the wound, which was under the left shoulder, was made by a smooth bore musket loaded with slugs.

Mr. J. R. Kenly was wired for a special train to bring bloodhounds from Weldon. He promptly ordered the train to be made up and run as an extra to bring from Weldon Mr. Emery with the state hounds.

Funeral of Mr. Jas. P. Hodges.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Jas. P. Hodges, Esq., took place from Sardis Church Thursday afternoon, Rev. Stedman Black officiating. It was an impressive ceremony, witnessed by a large concourse of friends and neighbors of the honored dead.

Dr. J. Allison Hodges arrived from Richmond just in time to look upon his father for the last time. The other son, Mr. Jno. M. Hodges, was ill and unable to attend the funeral.

Cumberland never had a better or more polished citizen than Jas. P. Hodges, Esq.

Peace to his ashes.

The following were the pall bearers: Messrs. D. H. McLean, J. E. Elliott, Ed. Smith, J. H. Williams, B. T. McBryde, J. M. Davis.

Rev. Dr. Rose.

A dispatch from Laurinburg, N. C., yesterday says that the Laurinburg Presbyterian church on Monday extended a call to Rev. Dr. Rose, of Morganton, a native of Fayetteville. It is understood that he will accept.

TO CLEANSE THE SYSTEM effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds, or fevers, use Syrup of Figs, made by the California Fig Syrup Co.

The Dreyfus Matter.

The Confrontation of Maurel and Freystaetter—A Dramatic Scene.

By cable to the Observer.

Rennes, Aug. 26.—Bertillion again testified today. Some deficiencies in the expert's demonstration were pointed out on cross examination.

There was a dramatic scene when Capt. Freystaetter, a member of the first Dreyfus court martial testified that all the documents of the secret dossier were read. This contradicted President of that Court, Col. Maurel. Labori immediately demanded the confrontation of Freystaetter and Maurel. The latter mounted the stage and presented a miserable object with shifty eyes and a hangdog look. When asked for the explanation he said: "I only read one document, but did not say only one document was read." This called out an outburst of hisses, which looked upon it as an infamous confession. The audience then listened spell bound as Freystaetter told exactly what the documents in the dossier were, and how Col. Maurel not only read these documents but commented on them.

Freystaetter described the comments made as to the false documents by Mercier. Witness specially emphasized the pretended translation of the Panazzardi telegram which contained the false version: "Dreyfus Arrested—Minister Warned," was sent to the court martial. Mercier denied the other day that this telegram was included in the papers sent to the secretary of the 1894 court martial. Labori pointed out the vital conflict in the testimony. Mercier for the first time was somewhat disturbed when he took the stand. He first said that Freystaetter was mistaken about the robin shell and then warmly declared the witness lied in regard to the Panizzardi dispatch. This Freystaetter forcibly reaffirmed, facing Mercier. Everybody in the Court then knew that Dreyfus was condemned not only on secret but false evidence.

All Coming Dreyfus's Way.

By cable to the Observer.)

Rennes, Aug 28.—Expert Charavay surprised the Court this morning by testifying strongly in the prisoner's favor. He was expected to reinforce Bertillion and had heretofore contended that Dreyfus wrote the Bordereau. He testified that he had completely changed his mind and says he was misled by the striking resemblance of the writing, but the further examination satisfied him the writing was not Dreyfus's. The Generals could not conceal their chagrin.

Boisdeffre was not present today and it is reported that he has deserted the General staff. Paraf-Javal, by the aid of the blackboard demonstrated Bertillion's calculation and criticized the latter's unfairness in not submitting Esterhazy's handwriting at the same test as Dreyfus. M. Bernard, inspector of mines, with honors from Holytr Polytechnic school demonstrated that Bertillion's testimony was based on false calculations. The witness illustrated by photographs that the Bordereau was not a fabricated document and pointed out the important difference between Bertillion's photographs and the original.

The Court squelched Bertillion in not allowing him to reply to his critics. Carriere announced that the court had decided to send a judicial commission to examine the condition of De Clam.

The Dreyfus Trial.

By cable to the Observer.

Rennes, Aug. 29.—Col. Cordier testified that his belief in the guilt of the prisoner was first shaken when the date of the bordereau was given as May. The latter witness declared that he was now convinced that Dreyfus was innocent. He explained that Henry was jealous of Picquart because the latter had charge of the statiscal station, which Henry hoped to get himself. Former Minister of War, Freycinet, testified that he never heard of any money raised abroad to foster the campaign of revision. This showed that there was no truth in Mercier's story of the thirty five million franc fund.

General Roget was confronted with Cordier. He asked the latter what part of his depositions were false. Cordier said it was all false.

Rennes, August 30.—There were no exciting incidents this morning. Paul Mayer, head of the Ecole de Charte, was the first witness and was favorable to the prisoner.

In addition to Mayer, M. Moliner, Giry and Picot all ranking high as experts, testified in favor of Dreyfus. The latter said the foreign attaches cleared Dreyfus and said Esterhazy was a swindler and wrote the bordereau. Gen. Deleye testified against Dreyfus as to the artillery reference in the bordereau. Moliner said that Esterhazy had changed his handwriting since 1894. This statement Mercier to the astonishment of the audience, confirmed.

The prosecution exhausted the last of its witnesses with Gen Deleye.

How the Dreyfus Judges Stand.

By cable to the Observer.

Paris, August 30.—La Figaro's Rennes correspondent says that none of the judges have expressed an opinion, but that it seems from their manner of questioning that two consider Dreyfus's guilt not proved, one is undecided and four maintain a stolid demeanor. There is a current report that three members favor acquittal. Mathue Dreyfus is amazed at the contrast between the determined mien of his brother before the judges and the usual witness. All the members of the Dreyfus family expect a collapse after the pressure of the trial.

De Clam Makes Sensational Revelations.

By cable to the Observer.

Paris, Aug. 30.—Yesterday's examination of De Clam lasted an hour. Le Matin says De Clam made sensational revelations, "which are of such a serious character that we leave to the court martial the responsibility of making them public."

The Shooting of Capt. Barnes.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Charlotte, N. C., Aug. 29.—An Observer Wilson special says that Capt. Calvin Barnes who was shot in the back last night on the road side half a mile from Wilson while returning in a buggy from his farm accompanied by two little grandchildren is still alive and will probably recover. Blood hounds are tracking the assassin.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers, The famous little pills.

Purchase of Arsenal Property.

Mr. W. C. Troy has purchased the W. J. Hollingsworth place on the arsenal and will move his family there to live.

The old arsenal well is situated on this property, which tradition says is 175 feet in depth. This well is now filled almost to its surface with brick from the arsenal buildings. There is a story to the effect that just before Sherman's entrance into Fayetteville, a number of brass cannon and some other valuable properties of the arsenal plant were thrown into this well and concealed beneath tons of brick. Whether Mr. Troy will attempt to unearth this hidden treasure or not, remains to be seen.

Death of Mrs. W. R. Clark.

Mrs. W. R. Clark, the beloved wife of deputy sheriff W. R. Clark, died at the old family residence on Person street Monday evening at 8:15 o'clock after a long and painful illness, in the 71st year of her age. The funeral took place from the residence Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. The death of Mrs. Clark will cause sorrow in many households in Fayetteville, as her children and relatives are numerous, and many of whom are prominent in business and railroad circles.

Besides her husband, Mrs. Clark leaves five children, viz: I. W., W. S., Mary (Mrs. McCutcheon), John M., Sarah (Mrs. R. H. Powers), H. M. and E. L.

JESSUP SAYINGS.

JESSUP, N. C., Aug. 26, 1899.

Miss Mattie King, of Victor, is visiting Miss Flora J. Wadsworth.

Mr. R. W. Caviness, of Southern Pines, is visiting his father, Mr. T. H. Caviness.

Rev. M. D. McNeill delivered a very interesting lecture on "Foreign Missions" at White Hill Church on last Sunday. There were several recitations by the smaller members.

Mrs. P. G. Gilchrist, of Cameron, is visiting Mrs. J. M. Cole.

Miss Fannie Hunt, of Jonesboro, is visiting the family of Mr. J. F. Blackman.

A Sabbath school was organized at Carbonton Academy last Sunday.

The Superior court of Moore county convened Tuesday, Judge Timberlake presiding.

Mr. O. S. McBryde and Miss Dora Caviness, of Villanow, were married Thursday.

Just now we are interested more in "fodder pulling" than in the Philippine war or the Dreyfus trial. Though we fear that justice will not be done the Filipinos, Dreyfus, and especially not to the fodder, if it remains so very warm. DONTON.

Seventy-First Locals.

SEVENTY FIRST, Aug. 28, 1899.

A picnic at Galatia on Saturday, with a dinner up to the standard, for which this place is justly noted, was one of the pleasant features of last week. Among those from a distance we noted Miss May Cobb and Mr. Collier Cobb, from Lumber Bridge, and Master Geo. Elliott, of Linden, who is visiting at Glendale.

On Friday of last week Mr. Neill B. Lindsay killed in his yard a rattle-snake, measuring four feet in length, perhaps six inches in circumference and bearing eight rattles. For the benefit of those who do not know this section, we desire to state that this is a very rare occurrence; such visitors are as few and far between as the traditional angels who are supposed to visit mortals occasionally.

Cotton is opening very rapidly—indeed some of our farmers say that nearly the whole of the crop is now ready to be picked. So with fodder-pulling, cotton-picking and the annual revival meetings the negroes are kept busy, and some of our people are learning to appreciate the sentiment which prompted the appendix "No religious nigger need apply" to Vance's advertisement for a cook.

The horrors which Georgia has been experiencing with the armed mob at Darien should cause North Carolina and especially Cumberland county to be devoutly thankful for the character of its negro population.

General Wheeler is a rather sad spectacle of gross inconsistency; gone to the Philippines to fight the Filipinos for the very crime(?) of which he himself was guilty in the sixties! In youth inconsistency is excusable, one expects little else during the formative period of a man's life; but when he has turned his feet down the hill we look for more stability. It must ever be a sad spectacle, we repeat it, to see a *Southern General* in arms against a people weak, oppressed, overpowered, outnumbered and fighting for liberty against terrible odds. Yet *"Quid non mortalia pectora cogis, auri sacra fames!"*

The beginning of the scholastic year is here again and a number of our people, both teachers and pupils are pluming their wings for flight, some to classic halls, some to the medium grades of of High schools and yet others to the little country school-houses, where teaching is work. There is so much humbuggery about the Public school system and perhaps the greatest humbug is the taking a hundred dollars of the school fund and expending it in County Institutes, where the poor harassed teachers are lectured about new methods, more methods, better methods, best methods, while the wonder is that they or their pupils have survived the innumerable methods already foisted upon them—methods few and simple are, of necessity, an essential to successful teaching and Webster's blueback spelling-book is another essential. We do not think it just the best book to start a child in, but for pupils a little more advanced we do not know its equal. If a precedent is desirable, we cite you to its recent adoption by the Winston Graded Schools and we believe it has been taught at Red Springs Seminary since the beginning of that Institution.

We hear that Mr. W. M. Gaddie will soon remove his family, who have been living with Mrs. Gaddie's mother, Mrs. Smith, for several years, to Red Springs, in order that his daughters may attend the Seminary and his sons the High School at that place.

SCOTCH LASSIE.

Marching on San Salvador's Capital.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New Orleans, August 30.—Advices from Nicaragua state that General Louis Mentz, the bravest fighter of the Reyes revolt, who has placed himself at the head of the refugees from San Salvador, numbering about one hundred men, has defeated the troops on the frontier and is now pressing towards Leon. He hopes to raise arms there and attack Zallaya at the capital.

Fayetteville as a Cotton Market—The Best in the State.

This season Fayetteville will be the best place in North Carolina for farmers to market their cotton. It was so last year, but Fayetteville will outdo herself the present season. Besides the heavy demands of the seven or eight cotton factories in this vicinity, which also stimulate the market, the following buyers will be stationed here:

Capt. Graves, buyer for Arnold Borden, of Goldsboro; Col. A. B. Williams, buyer for Alex. Sprunt & Sons, of Wilmington; Mr. J. D. Brown, for Sloan, of Wilmington; Bevil & Van story, for Johnson, of Raleigh.

All these are among the biggest cotton exporting firms in the south. In addition to this wealth of bidders, there will be the local buyers: Gen. A. G. Brady, A. E. Rankin & Co., Q. K. Nimocks and J. & O. Evans.

Farmers, can you find a better market in the State? The indications are that prices will rule much higher than last year as a short crop is predicted. As to the crop in this section the following statement may be considered reliable:

Fayettetteville, N. C.,
Aug. 30, '99.

The cotton crop of this season will fall short of last year's production by fully 15 to 20 per cent. This is due largely to unusual heavy shedding. Farmers report that while the weed is luxuriant, the fruitage is poor.

A. E. RANKIN,
A. B. WILLIAMS,
Q. K. NIMOCKS.

NORTH CAROLINA CROP GENERALLY.

A large cotton firm has received the following statements of conditions of crop in North Carolina:

Wilmington, N. C.—Many accounts our section very discouraging; think it will average 20 per cent. under last year.

Alex. Sprunt & Sons.

Wilmington, N. C.—Probable yield 25 per cent. less than last year; crop opening permaturely.

Murchison & Co.

Concord, N. C.—Crops in this section the sorriest I think I ever saw.

J. Dove.

Charlotte, N. C.—Reports from forty of our buyers in Georgia and South Carolina indicate crop short last year 25 per cent.: some sections 50 per cent. July crop short fully one-half.

Sanders, Orr & Co.

Charlotte, N. C.—Condition of crop could hardly be worse. Crop will be less than last year—40 to 50 per cent. for fifty to a hundred miles around here.

John W. Miller & Co.

Raleigh, N. C.—Will have average crop in this section if conditions favorable from now on.

Chas. E. Johnson & Co.

Newbern, N. C.—Crop has been cut short fully 30 per cent. since the storm.

J. E. Latham.

Famous Bank Burglar Dying.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, Aug. 30.—Abe Coakley, the noted Manhattan Bank burglar, is lying in a hospital here with a mortal wound in the left breast, received last night during a brawl in a saloon.

The Grant Arrives at San Francisco.

By telegraph to the Observer.

San Francisco, August 30.—The Transport Grant arrived to day and brings fifteen hundred troops of the Dakotas, Idaho and Wyoming regiments. There were five deaths on the voyage.

Yellow Fever Attacks Troops at Havana.

By cable to the Observer.

Havana, Aug. 30.—Yellow fever has broken out among the troops at Cabanas. Five soldiers are ill with the disease, all are doing well, however.

Cotton.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, Aug. 29.—Cotton bids: August, 567; September, 569; October, 589; November, 594.

Revolutionists In the Saddle.

By cable to the Observer.

Porto Playa, Santo Domingo, Aug. 30—The leaders of the revolution have refused to accept the propositions of the Government to suspend hostilities. Santiago surrendered to the revolutionists Monday afternoon. This city did the same yesterday after some fighting. The strength of the revolutionists is such that it is impossible for the Government to resist. Jiminez is at Vega.

A. B. WILLIAMS,
COTTON BUYER,
HAY STREET,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS

REVISED DAILY.

COTTON.

Middling	6
Good Middling	6¼
New Cotton	5¼

Market—firm. Prospects bright for higher prices.

NAVAL STORES

Spirits	42c
Common Rosin	70
Virgin	2 20
Yellow Dip	2 20
Hard	1 20

PRODUCE

REPORTED BY A. S. HUSKE, GROCER.

Flour—1st pat., sack,	$2.40@$2.65
Family Flour—2nd pat., sack	$2.15@2.25
Hides—dry—per lb.	8@10
" —green—per lb.	5
Wool—washed	15@20
Bacon—hog round per lb—new	8½
" —hams	10a10½
" —sides—new	8½a9
" —shoulders—new	7½a8
Oats—32 lbs per bushel	40@45
Peas—clay	60a75
" —mixed	70
" —white,	75a80
Meal—bolted—46 lbs per bushel	55@60
" —unbolted—48 lbs per bushel	50@55
Corn—old—56 lbs per bushel	55
Onions—select—per bushel	50a60
Lard—N. C.	8@9
Tallow	4
Ducks	20@25
Hens—per head	22½@25
Roosters—per head	18 a 20
Turkeys—per lb	none
Guineas	none
Geese	25 a 30
Butter—choice yellow	18 a 20
Honey—strained—per lb	8c
Eggs,	12a15
Feathers—new	35 a 40
Potatoes—Irish—new	80
Potatoes—Sweet—new	100
Pork	5@6

Filipinos Preparing for an Attack.

By cable to the Observer.

Manila, Aug. 30.—It is reported that Aguinaldo has ordered his Generals to close in an attempt to take the town. It is added that the troops are concentrating in the Lake country and it is asserted that the rebels have a force of seven hundred at Marinas.

Administratrix Notice.

Having qualified as Administratrix of the estate of Neill D. McLauchlin, deceased, I hereby notify all persons having claims against said estate to present them to me for payment on or before the 25th day of August, 1900. Otherwise this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to the estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment. MRS. E. J. McLAUCHLIN,
Admin'x of Neill D. McLauchlin, dec'd.
Argyle, N. C., August 23, 1899.

Founded 1842.
STIEFF PIANOS
"Sing their own praise."
Not only Musically, but in Price.

For they are sold direct from FACTORY at actual value. No MIDDLEMAN'S profit to pay, that forces you to buy a medium-grade, or, more likely a cheap Piano.

See the STIEFF PIANO; hear the STIEFF PIANO; price the STIEFF PIANO, and you will buy the STIEFF PIANO and never regret it.

Wholesale agent for STANDARD ORGANS.

FINE TUNING AND REPAIRING.

CHAS. M. STIEFF, Piano Manuf'r, Baltimore, Md.

FACTORY BRANCH WAREROOM, 213 North Tryon St., Charlotte, N. C., C. H. Wilmoth, Manager.

DID YOU KNOW

that you can have your wants supplied next door to J. & O. Evans (old Banks' stand)?

I have on hand and am daily receiving a large assortment of

Selected Groceries, Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, Hosiery, Crockery and Tinware.

MR. A. H. WATSON is with me and we extend a cordial welcome to our friends to call and examine the goods.

☞ *Let everybody come and see us.*

M. L. COURTNEY.

NEW STORE!

New Goods!

—AT—

J. L. KENNEDY'S
Cash Dry Goods Store

you will find a complete line of

Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Notions, Novelties, Men's Ladies' and Children's Shoes, every Style.

I invite every one to visit the New Store and see the latest styles at the lowest prices.

New goods received daily.

I sell strictly for cash, have one price and treat all alike. I give the best value for the least money and it will pay you to see the new store with the new and beautiful goods offered so low and within the reach of all.

J. L. Kennedy's Cash Store,
North Side Hay Street.

FAYETTEVILLE MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

Strictly First-Cass Work.

Call at my yard or write for prices.
Respectuly,
E. L. REMSBURG,
Proprietor,
Fayetteville N. C.

Lost or Mislaid.

Policy No. 41,639 issued by The Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company on the life of James B. Smith. The finder will please return it to the undersigned. Application has been made for the issuing of a duplicate.

J. B SMITH,
Fayetteville, N. C.

Aug 12-law6t

Clyde Steamship Co

New York. Wilmington, N. C.
—AND—
Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON, N C.

NEW YORK, passengers,....Saturday, Sept. 2
ONEIDA.....Saturday Sept. 9

WILMINGTON, N. C., FOR NEW YORK.

ONEIDA.....Saturday Sept. 2
NEW YORK, passengers,....Saturday, Sept. 9

WILMINGTON FOR GEORGETOWN, S. C.

ONEIDA.....Tuesday Aug. 29
NEW YORK.....Tuesday, Sept. 5

Steamer Oneida does not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES,
Superintendent,
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, Traffic Manager,
5 Bowling Green, N. Y.
W. P. CLYDE & Co., General Agents.
Bowling Green N. Y.

5,000,000 LBS. of TOBACCO WANTED

—AT THE—

PLANTERS WAREHOUSE,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Since the opening sale at this warehouse on the 10th of August our trade has been far beyond our expectation, and the prices paid for the tobacco offered have been entirely satisfactory. The people of Fayetteville are determined to have a tobacco market. So determined are they that the following well known moneyed business men of our city have gone on the floor as buyers: Dr. H. W. Lilly, H. Lutterloh, Sheriff Geo. A. Burns, A. H. Slocomb, Geo. A. Overbaugh, Dr. T. M. Hunter, H. McD. Robinson, C. L. Bevill, W. A. Vanstory, R. McMillan, J. W. Ingold and J. A. Burns. These, with the buyers for the American Tobacco Co. and buyers for other big order men, and W. J. Blackburn, manager, for Planters' Warehouse, want at once every pound of tobacco possible to be gotten on the Fayetteville Tobacco market.

Your friends,
PLANTERS WAREHOUSE,
W. J. BLACKBURN, Manager.

E. L. PEMBERTON, Book Keeper.
J. C. DAILY, Auctioneer.

A new Private Hospital, just opened for the treatment of Medical, Surgical and Gynecological diseases of all kinds. New building with all modern conveniences—heating, lighting, ventilation, drainage, perfect; elevator; hot and cold baths on every floor. Best equipped operating room. Most modern hospital furniture. Experienced trained nurses and matron. Terms moderate. Address
DRS. MARSH & HIGHSMITH,
Fayetteville, N. C.

"OLD TIME MOLASSES."

We have just received a large lot of Molasses, such as we have not had for years. SEE IT BEFORE YOU BUY.

Our Michigan Flours

are still in the lead. If you have not tried a sack of "PURITAN," you do not know what you are missing. It is better than many brands on this market that costs more money.

We handle many of the leading brands of FERTILIZERS including Acid Phosphate and Kainit.

Our stock of Hardware is complete.

A. E. RANKIN CO.

SHURLBERTS.

Shears for Trimming Tobacco in the Field and Trimming Trees and Hedges.

For sale by
WALTER WATSON,
AGENT FOR
Deering Mowing and Harvesting Machinery,
Also Eclipse Engines and Saw Mill Outfits.
Address WALTER WATSON, Fayetteville, N. C.

PLANTERS' SPECIAL.

PERFECTION Flour, *best* and *cheapest*, $4.75 a barrel, $2.40 half barrel. TRIUMPH next best, made by same Mills, $4.20 a barrel, $2.10 half barrel. Every ounce pure, sweet and wholesome. Fresh car just in.

BAGGING and TIES, Cotton Sheets, Cotton Scales, Steelyards, Feed Cutters, Corn Shellers, Potato Drags.

A STUNNER—The celebrated Russell One-Horse Wagon at $27.50, with the Factory's and our guarantee behind it. Also Milburn and Florence Wagons and Carts at lowest prices. Wagon Gearing, Buggy Harness, Saddles, and a variety of Leather Goods at head-swimming prices.

If you want a keen cutter buy a DIXIE POCKET KNIFE, made by Wostenholm. All sizes and shapes. Prices 10 cents to $1.25. "OUR SPECIAL," small blade Wade and Butcher Razor, at $1.25, is the shaver's delight. Table Cutlery. Scissors, Spoons and other Staple Hardware.

CHEESE and MULLETS to arrive early in September. A full stock of Heavy Groceries and General Merchandise. We are now ready for the Fall trade; come along and made it lively!

Q. K. NIMOCKS,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer, 10 Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

WANTED.

We want everybody that does not patronize us at present to send us some laundry so they will be convinced that

we are turning out work daily that looks like new goods.

Our work compares with any in the State. We can give high gloss, medium or a nice domestic finish, just as you like. Our lady manager has full charge of the ladies' apparel, so we solicit their patronage all the time.

☞ Agents wanted in every town.

Yours to please,
Fayetteville Steam Laundry.

'Phone 42.

DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA
TEETHING POWDERS
Aids Digestion, Regulates the Bowels, Makes Teething Easy. TEETHINA Relieves the Bowel Troubles of Children of Any Age.
Costs Only 25 Cents. Ask Your Druggist for It.

Perfect Health.

Keep the system in perfect order by the occasional use of Tutt's Liver Pills. They regulate the bowels and produce

A Vigorous Body.

For sick headache, malaria, biliousness, constipation and kindred diseases, an absolute cure

TUTT'S Liver PILLS

Graded School Opens Sept. 18.

The Graded School will re open on Monday, Sept. 18. The new Superintendent, Prof. B. H. Hill, of Scotland Neck, will arrive here about Sept. 1st to prepare for the opening. The small building (the original Donaldson Academy), is now being painted and put in thorough order.

Progress on the Mills

The big three story silk milli is now completed and four car loads of machinery have arrived and is being placed in position.

The Tolar-Hart-Holt Mill on Massey's Hill is rapidly nearing completion, and a number of neat tenement houses have already been completed. We doubt whether a factory in North Carolina stands on a more magnificent site.

Rev. Liles Arrested and Gives Bond.

The Rev. Jno. D. Liles, pastor of the Colored Baptist Church of this city, was arrested at Cameron Wednesday afternoon, and brought to this city this morning on the early freight train. The Mayor required a $500 justified bond, which he gave, with Dr. Melchor and Doug Williston as sureties. He will have a preliminary hearing next Monday. Robeson and Shaw are the defendant's lawyers. The Rev. Jno. Liles is charged with burning his residence (the Baptist parsonage) for the insurance on his furniture. He is said to have borne a good character, and is a man of prepossessing appearance.

Death of Mr. Jas. P. Hodges.

Cumberland county has lost another of her most worthy citizens, in the person of Mr. Jas. P. Hodges, who died Wednesday afternoon at the residence of his son, Mr. Jno. M. Hodges, near Little River Academy. The funeral took place Thursday afternoon at 5 o'clock from Sardis Church.

Mr. Hodges, who was about 78 years old, was a gentleman of the highest integrity, greatly honored and beloved by all who knew him, and he was widely known.

If we are not mistaken, he was born in Johnson county, came here early in life and became one of the largest planters in this section. He married Miss Flora Murchison, daughter of Mr. Jno. Murchison, a first cousin of Mr. I. A. Murchison of this city. Three children survive: Mr. Jno. M. Hodges, Dr. J. Allison Hodges and Mrs. Slocomb Smith.

All honor to his memory.

F. I. L. I. Celebrates.

Wednesday afternoon the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry celebrated its 106th anniversary. After the annual meeting held for the election of officers, there was a parade, target practice and a supper. Major B. R. Huske, who has been Major of the Company for the past two years and who acted as its Captain as Co A of the Second regiment in the late war, having declined re-election, the following were duly elected as officers for the coming year: J. G. Hollingsworth, Major; N. H. McGeachy, 1st Captain; E. T. Watson, 2nd Captain; E. R. McKethan, 3rd Captain; J. H. Ledbetter, 4th Captain.

This old Company, the pride of Fayetteville, has one of the finest equipped armories in the State. For special services rendered in the early part of the century, it was by special Act of the Legislature given brevet officers as above stated.

At the target practice Private C. B. Ledbetter won the first prize, on a score of 19, while Ex-Major E. L. Pemberton and Capt. McKethan tied for the second, on a score of 18, and Sergeant J. A. Brown, on an almost open score, carried off the "historic tin cup." In shooting off the tie, Major Pemberton won on a score of 20, giving Capt. McKethan 3d prize.

The first prize was a set of coffee spoons, the second a silver watch, and the third a pair of gold cuff buttons.

When the company returned to the armory refreshments were served to the members and a number of invited guests.

THE BEST PRESCRIPTION FOR CHILLS

and fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. Never fails to cure, then why experiment with worthless imitations? Price 50 cents. Your money back if it fails to cure.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Lockamp, Elston, Mo., write: "One Minute Cough Cure saved the life of our little boy when nearly dead with croup." King Bros.

During the civil war, as well as in our late war with Spain, diarrhœa was one of the most troublesome diseases the army had to contend with. In many instances it became chronic and the old soldiers still suffer from it. Mr. David Taylor of Wind Ridge, Greene Co., Pa., is one of these. He uses Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy and says he never found anything that would give him such quick relief. It is for sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

LOST.

Many golden opportunities have been lost by those who suffer from rheumatism. By taking Rheumacide now they will be permanently and positively cured.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

DeWitt's Little Early Risers, The famous little pills.

NEGOTIATIONS FOR PURCHASE OF GAS AND ELECTRIC LIGHT PLANT AT AN END.

Withdrawn Thursday While Board of Audit and Finance were Considering Matter.

The Fayetteville Gas and Electric Light Company last Thursday withdrew its tender of sale of their plant, and all negotiations for its purchase are at an end.

Wednesday morning the Board of Aldermen met in special session to consider the proposition, and after lengthy discussion accepted the offer by a vote of nine to four.

Wednesday afternoon Mayor Cook appeared before the Board of Audit and Finance, and, laying the matter before them, asked that immediate action be taken. After some informal discussion the board decided to postpone the matter until Thursday morning at 9 o'clock in order to give those opposed to the purchase a chance to be heard.

Promptly at 9 Thursday morning the Board met in the Mayor's office, and there were present, besides the members, Messrs. A. H. Slocomb, A. A McKethan, Herbert Lutterloh Q. K. Nimocks, A. J. Cook and Maj. Chas. Haigh. These gentlemen, without expressing their sentiments in regard to the purchase, asked that the matter be postponed until the full sense of the business men of the city could be ascertained on the subject at a public meeting.

The Board, which is composed of A E. Rankin, A. Garrason and R. Mc Millan, were just about to take a vote on the subject of postponement when Mr. Bash hurried into the room and handed the Mayor the following note:

FAYETTEVILLE GAS LIGHT CO.,
Fayetteville. N. C., Aug. 24, '99.

Hon. W. S. Cook, Ch'n Light Com:

DEAR SIR—I am instructed to notify you that the bondholders of the Fayetteville Gas and Electric Light Co. will not take bonds and negotiations for sale of property are at end and propositions withdrawn.

Yours respectfully,
H. C. BASH, Man'gr.

The business for which the Board met having been thus suddenly and unexpectedly brought to an end, the Board adjourned without further remarks:

THE WITHDRAWN PROPOSITION.

The following was the proposition under discussion:

GREENSBORO ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY,
Greensboro, N. C., Aug. 22, '99.

Hon. W. S. Cook:

Dear Sir—Your favor of Aug. 17th to hand and contents carefully noted. In reply I wrote you immediately on receipt of your first letter that I could not accept your offer of $13,200 in bonds as Mr, Taylor had put the price $15,000 (fifteen thousand) and I would refer your letter to him, which I did and forwarded same to Mr. Bash to hand you. I wrote Mr. Bash this mail to give you a copy of contract as proposed by me. I wrote Mr. Bash a few days ago that I could not leave the offer of $13,200 cash remain open indefinitely and unless you accepted in a reasonable time, I should consider that part withdrawn. I think you have had sufficient time to accept or reject my proposition to sell for $13,200 and as I have not heard from the same, it is now withdrawn, and no proposition now stands from me as Receiver and the Town of Fayetteville. If you care to accept Mr. Taylor's proposition of $15,000 in 5 per cent. bonds it must be done at once or same will be withdrawn as I now hold a letter urging me to close the matter one way or the other, as arrangements can now be made to effect a sale in a different direction.

Hoping to hear from you by return mail

I am very respectfully,
R. J. MARKS, Receiver.

THE COMMITTEE'S REPORT ON ABOVE PROPOSITION.

The following is the report of the Light Committee, made to the Board of Aldermen on the proposition:

Fayetteville, N. C., Aug. 23, '99.

To the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Fayetteville:

Gentlemen—Whereas the Light Committee of your Board have made earnest efforts to effect a trade with Fayetteville Gas and Electric Light Co. for the purchase of their property, but have been unable to agree upon a price satisfactory to all concerned.

Your committee has been notified by the said Fayetteville Gas and Electric Light Co. that they will sell all of their property and will accept in payment thereof fifteen thousand dollars, payable in thirty year five per centum gold bonds of the City of Fayetteville, and have also notified us that said offer cannot remain open, but must be accepted or declined at once. Your committee would therefore recommend that the following resolution be adopted by your board:

Resolved, that the Light Committee are hereby authorized and instructed, with the approval of the Board of Audit and Finance to close a trade with the said Fayetteville Gas and Electric Light Co. at a sum not exceeding fifteen thousand dollars, payable in thirty year five per centum gold bonds of the City of Fayetteville, the said Fayetteville Gas and Electric Light Co. to be secured by a mortgage upon said property until the validity of said issue of bonds shall be finally settled, and if such trade is perfected the Mayor is authorized to have the bonds prepared and to have drawn all necessary papers that will fully protect the city's interest.

ABOUT COLONEL CUNINGHAM.

A Prediction of His Career Fifteen Years Ago.

Danville Register.

"'I saw Col. John S. Cuningham in town the other day,' remarked a gentleman who sat in one of the arm chairs on the curb in front of the Wesmoreland last night, and I was reminded of what a citizen of Person said to me fifteen years ago. Referring to the Colonel as 'that little boy,' he said there is our future legislator, governor and United States Senator. That old Person county citizen is likely to prove a good prophet. Col. Cuningham has already served in the legislature and he pleased the people so well they are talking about him for governor. The first mention of his name in that connection seems to have struck a popular chord, and I rarely ever pick up a North Carolina paper now without seeing pleasant and highly complimentary mention of him. It is conceded that he has the ability, intellectually; and as for business ability, a thing that a Governor ought to have, there isn't a man in the State that can lay over him. And then what pleases me most, Colonel Cuningham is the people's man. He is not a politician, and I am sure this serious talk of making him governor has not turned his head in the least. The people are doing his booming. Verily I believe the old Person county citizen I spoke of is a good prophet.'"

"A Danville man who sat in the next chair said: 'Well, Colonel Cuningham is something of a prophet himself. I recollect there was a farmers' meeting in the Academy of Music here some years ago, and Colonel Cuningham, then a mere youth, was elected president of it. Before taking the chair he made a ringing speech, in which he showed that he was looking ahead. He predicted glorious things for the South, and, among other things, said the time would come when the South would furnish the world with its iron and steel, and that somewhere in Alabama the iron interests would build up a great metropolis. He also saw danger in the future, and said that unless the farmers, the common people, were up and doing, taking interest in public affairs and giving more attention to the affairs of State, allied capital, monopoly, combinations and such would rise and grow in strength until they would seriously threaten our liberties, etc. I recollect that he was laughed at, and some of us said that he was a young demagogue. But has not time proven that he was a prophet?'

"Both gentlemen expressed the hope that they may see the Colonel the next occupant of North Carolina's gubernatorial mansion."

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar-coated globule of health, that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son.

The Dreyfus Matter.

Mercier Again on the Rack.

By cable to the Observer.

Rennes, August 24.

Labori's searching cross examination made Col. Maurel confess that the secret dossier was communicated to the court in 1894 by Col. DuPaty De Clam, Gen. Mercier was recalled and Labori questioned him in regard to bringing secret documents before the first court martial without the knowledge of the accused. Mercier lost his temper, but said he took the entire responsibility of presenting the secret dossier to the first court martial. When asked if there were any other proofs besides the Bordeaux when the prisoner was arrested. He said there were. Labori then asked why these proofs were concealed from President Casimir Perier. Mercier hotly refused to answer. Labori persisted with equal warmth but without result. Labori: "Why did you arrest Dreyfus?" Mercier said Freycinet formerly told him of the existence of such a syndicate. When pressed to say how far formerly, Mercier protested against the manner of the counsel saying that he was not the accused. Labori became equally excited and the audience jumped to their feet, fearing a personal encounter.

During the examination of General Risbourg Dreyfus sprang to his feet, and demanded that the witness should bring proofs not conviction. Mercier admitted that though he was the chief accuser of Dreyfus, he was not present at the trial of Esterhazy, nor followed the proceedings of said trial.

At one time a great number of witnesses sprang to the platform, holding up their hands clamoring to be heard, creating a great babel. Mercier confessed he did not know if a certain document was a secret dossier and Gonse confessed the same. The replies are tantamount to a confession that Sandherr and Henry played with the minister of war, and even with Gonse, keeping from them what they pleased.

Failure to Show that Dreyfus Wrote Bordereau.

By cable to the Observer.

Rennes, August 25.—Bertillion, the expert, took three hours in trying to explain his system and its infallibility in determining that Dreyfus wrote the bordereau, but failed to make it clear to anybody. He then undertook to make a copy after his rules. The result caused Jouaust to shrug his shoulders. Bertillion apologized for his failure, and said he was badly placed. Correspondent Strong swore that Esterhazy confessed to him that he wrote the bordereau.

Du Clam will not testify. Certificates of two doctors were produced saying it was impossible for him to appear. Labori wished two well known doctors to examine his condition. This Jouaust refused. Mr. Rowland Strong, the Paris correspondent of the London Observer, testified that he paid twenty-five hundred dollars for Esterhazy's confession. M. Gobert, a handwriting expert, swore that Esterhazy, not Dreyfus, wrote the bordereau.

The Bertillion paraphernalia was very portentous. The audience roared as a sergeant and four soldiers staggered in with diagrams, maps, charts and satchels.

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great medicine; and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs are surely cured by it. Call on B. E. Sedberry & Son, Druggist, and get a free trial bottle. Regular size 50c and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded.

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Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of Eliza Reddick, deceased, late of Cumberland county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the said estate to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 21st day of July, 1900, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This 21st day of July 1899.
ED. C. SMITH,
H. L. COOK, Att'y.

Hides, Tallow, Beeswax. Bones, Rubber, Copper, Brass and Rags,

Much Money For You. Hides, Tallow, Beeswax, Bones, Rubber, Copper, Rags, Brass, etc., bought by W. A. CRAWFORD. It will pay you to investigate this matter. Gillespie street, Fayetteville, N. C.

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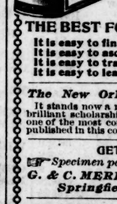

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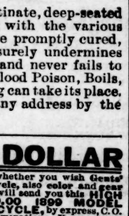

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S. S. S. Is the Only Remedy Equal to this Obstinate Disease.

There are dozens of remedies recommended for Scrofula, some of them no doubt being able to afford temporary relief, but S. S. S. is absolutely the only remedy which completely cures it. Scrofula is one of the most obstinate, deep-seated blood diseases, and is beyond the reach of the many so-called purifiers and tonics because something more than a mere tonic is required. S. S. S. is equal to any blood trouble, and never fails to cure Scrofula, because it goes down to the seat of the disease, thus permanently eliminating every trace of the taint.

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Mr. H. E. Thompson, of Milledgeville, Ga., writes: "A bad case of Scrofula broke out on the glands of my neck, which had to be lanced, and caused me much suffering. I was treated for a long while, but the physicians were unable to cure me, and my condition was as bad as when I began their treatment. Many blood remedies were used, but without effect. Some one recommended S. S. S., and I began to improve as soon as I had taken a few bottles. Continuing the remedy, I was soon cured permanently, and have never had a sign of the disease to return." Swift's Specific—

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